# The People's Press.

VOL. XIX. SALEM, N. C., JULY 7, 1871. NO. 27.



## The People's Press.

**L. V. & E. T. BLUM,**
PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

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THE PEOPLE'S PRESS AND

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March, 1871. L. V. & E. T. BLUM.

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March 31, 1871.

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May 19, 1871.

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Salem, Nov. 15, 1870.


### Remarkable Tornado--Farm Buildings Demolished---Miraculous Escape of Cattle Buried Beneath the Wreck.

Between 8 and 9 o'clock yesterday morning some men on the truck farms on the south side of the Christiana, near the mouth of that river, heard a singular roaring and rushing noise, and shortly afterwards saw that a whirlwind was passing across their place. It crossed a tomato patch, wrenching and twisting the vines, passed thence into Henry L. Townsend's wheat field, and appeared to gather strength as it went, for as it passed the wheat field it snapped off three pannels of fence, and then struck a large brick barn, and passed around it to a large hay barn, a building 104 feet long. Here it commenced the work of destruction in earnest. It tore the building to pieces, and leveled the very foundation walls on which it was built.

It next struck a wheat barn about sixty feet long by twenty wide, and completely demolished it. Thence it passed to a wheat barrack, no portion of which, except the uprooted posts, has since been seen.

It next struck a granary solidly built of heavy white oak. The building was too strong to be torn to pieces, but it lifted it off of its foundation, moving it several feet, and then upset a corn crib adjoining it, smashing beneath it a grain drill and a sleigh.

It also destroyed one or two other small buildings, and tore up several large trees by the roots, and split in two a large locust tree standing near the house.

One of the most singular and fortunate things about the whole affair is that it passed completely around the house, without doing it the slightest damage, or injuring anything within the home enclosure except the locust tree just mentioned.

Some of the performances seem almost like the fantastic freaks of a sportive genie. The back barn, first struck, was not injured otherwise than by tearing off all of its doors; but one of these doors, a large one, which it would require four men to carry, was carried up into the air and whirled about like a sheet of paper.

One of the grain fans standing in the granary, moved by the wind, was upset, and its hopper was taken off and carried quite a distance and dropped in front of the house.

A sixteen-foot board was deposited in the top of a cherry tree. The rake of a revolving horse-rake was picked up and carried some distance, broken in two in the middle, and the two halves hung on two pins on the side of the granary.

It snapped the iron axle of a new-style horse-rake off the hub.

But the most remarkable feature of the whole affair was that, though twenty cattle were buried beneath the ruins of the large hay-barn first demolished, they all escaped without any serious injury. In many cases they were pinned closely to the ground by the debris, but as fast as the wreck was lifted from them they got out of the wilderness of confusion around them with whole skins and sound limbs.

The property was owned by Zadoc Townsend, and occupied by his son, Henry Townsend. The latter, with remarkable good fortune, escapes all loss but that of the sleigh. Had the cattle not escaped his loss would have been very heavy. His father is the principal loser, but says that as most of the buildings were quite old, and all would have had to be moved before long to make way for the extension of city improvements in that direction, he only estimates his loss at $1,000.

In company with Mr. Townsend, Sr., we rode over the track of the tempest this morning. We never saw a more complete or thorough wreck. The buildings were so completely torn up that it seemed that there was scarcely one piece of timber left fastened to another. The hurricane spent its fury there, and seems to have divided up into several smaller ones, which damaged a tree here and there, and then subsided.

ANOTHER HURRICANE.

On the north side of the Christiana, shortly after the ravages of the hurricane on the south side, a whirlwind suddenly seized two large willow trees near the light-house, tore them up by the roots, and hurled them against the light-house, completely demolishing its porch. We believe it did no further damage.—*Wilmington, (Del.,) Commercial 19th.*

### Terrible Phenomena in Illinois-Moving Cloud of Wind and Fire.

A cyclone occurred near Mason City, Illinois, last Friday morning. An inky-hued cloud, or smoke-like column, was observed gathering near the earth's surface on an open prairie six miles from that place, and this column soon shot out three arrow and spire-like cloud columns which continued to ascend rapidly until they reached and seemed to attach themselves closely to a passing cloud above. This frightful apparition moved slowly towards Mason City, but finally changed its course, much to the relief of the people of that place. A mile from its track an odor much like that of burning sulphur, was inhaled by several persons. A gentleman that stood about a hundred yards from the cyclone when it passed, says small flashes of electricity were constantly visible in the storm column, passing from the earth to the clouds above, and then rapid, popping, cracking reports were heard, reminding him most forcibly of an infantry regiment in battle firing their muskets as fast as possible.

The pathway of the cyclone was nearly three miles in length, and from twenty to eighty feet in width, and in that pathway not a spear of grass, stalk of corn or wheat, not a shrub or particle of vegetation was left alive. For some distance the earth was literally plowed up to the depth of six inches.

The column of whirling air must have been intensely hot, as everything green in its pathway was dried to a crisp.

Another feature of the cyclone was, that while its rotary motion must have been of inconceivably great velocity, its progressive motion was not above six miles an hour. The outlines of its pathway were so well defined that five feet from the outer line of total destruction of vegetation of every kind not a vestage of its effects could be seen. Fortunately no houses stood in the tornado line of march.

[From the Detroit Free Press, June 14th.]

### Fierce Attack Upon a Farmer by an Enraged Horse.

From several farmers coming into town yesterday from the township of Taylor, our reporter learned the particulars of a very exciting affair which occurred in that township, about seventeen miles from Detroit, on Sunday last. A man named Pierce Andrews returned that morning with a young horse which he had purchased at Wyandotte. In riding the animal home Andrews had to give him several whippings, and was once or twice run away with, and thus when he arrived at home he was tired out, and the horse was nervous and excited. There being some goods packed away in the stables, Andrews took the horse in on the barn floor to tie him. While so doing the animal bit him, and for this he was soundly belabored with the handle of a broken pitch-fork. After being struck several times he broke loose and ran at Andrews and struck him down with one of his fore feet. While in this position the farmer received a bad injury from being stepped on, but managed to get up and show fight, still retaining possession of his weapon. The horse reared, kicked, and uttered mad neighs, and in a moment struck the man down again. Andrews fell so close to a partition that the horse could not get at him well, and here he kept the beast at bay by pounding its legs with the club.

The people at the house had heard the sounds of the struggle, and a hired man and the family were soon around the door. As the horse seemed to quiet down a little, the man shouted to Andrews to crawl carefully along the floor. This the farmer started to do, but had not crawled three feet when the horse pounced upon him again, and this time dislocated his shoulder by a blow of a hoof. The horse then commenced plunging and kicking at every thing, jumping at Andrews whenever the farmer moved; and in this emergency, seeing that he was likely to be killed, he shouted for the man to get the family out of the yard and then open the door, supposing that the animal would then go out. This was done, but the horse plunged in and out again with such rapidity that the farmer could not escape, the animal making at him every time he tried it. As a last resort the hired man loaded an army musket with fine shot, and gave the horse the full charge in the shoulder at short range. The beast went down, jumped up, made a few circuits of the yard, and then leaped the fence into the pasture, and ran until tired out. Andrews was badly bruised in many places, had a shoulder dislocated, as stated, and will be confined to the house for some time. The horse received considerable injury from the gun-shot, but it is thought a veterinary surgeon can heal the wound.

### Choose the Best Society.

It should be the aim of every young person to find an entrance into good society. By good, I do not mean fashionable society. That often merits least of all this honorable title. A good social circle is one where sound principles, refined manners, and intelligent ideas are the characteristics of its members. Many young men have gone to ruin by choosing the society of the low and vulgar, instead of those whose influence would be elevating. It is always so easy to fall into evil, but often requires hard work to gain a sure footing in a refined circle.

But the end is worth the effort. If a young man desires to sharpen his intellect, he will do it better than digging forever over his books. There is a wonderful amount of electricity in the social atmosphere, and the galvanic battery of the social circle will not fail to elicit many brilliant sparkles.

If one desires to improve in manners, he can never do so without mingling with the refined and good.

Diffidence often keeps back those who have had in early life but few social advantages. The way to overcome this difficulty is to plunge in. It is one of the most cureable of all maladies. A bath in the bracing ocean of social life enables a person to keep his footing bravely.

One of the most finished and accomplished speakers of the day, one who is harassed by invitations on all sides to address the highest literary circles, and who is the flattered guest of every gathering he chooses to honor with his presence, used to be, in the language of a lady friend who knew him well in college, "really afraid of his own shadow."

You remember the compliment paid to George Washington when he seized his hat in confusion to rush from the room where his praises were being publicly spoken.

"Sit down, sit down, Mr. Washington," entreated the speaker. "Your modesty is only equaled by your merit."

So generally able men have been very unassuming, and often diffident in their manners.

When Sheridan was asked the secret of his becoming such a fluent speaker, he replied, it was "from my not neglecting an opportunity to speak." So, if you would improve socially, embrace the opportunity.

Your chances of success in life will be tonfold greater if you have secured a wide circle of good friends, by your obliging, gentlemanly manners.

No one cares about trusting or recommending a person of whom they know little or nothing, except, that he exists in the same community. You will often advance your interests more by spending a social evening in a respectable family, than you will by sitting in your room and poring over your money matters, or writing a whole package of business letters.

Sixteen thousand young trees were carried over a railroad in Nebraska not long ago in a single day. This shows that the farmers on the Western prairies are awake to the importance of planting trees on their lands. Trees improve the climate, avert drought, and correct the unhealthfulness of newly broken soil. One-fourth of a farm planted with trees will make the other three-fourths three times as valuable for agricultural purposes, as well as more safe and pleasant as a residence.

The Brazilian Chambers have voted in favor of the emancipation of slaves by a majority of twenty-eight.

### An Indian's Word of Honor.—Keeping his Parole and Meeting his Doom.

A gentleman, of Jonesburg, Mo., recently returned from Texas, relates an extraordinary circumstance which took place a short time since in the Indian Nation. A Choctaw Indian, having committed a wilful murder, was arrested, tried and sentenced to be shot to death. He asked for twenty days in which to prepare and visit his friends, giving his word of honor as a "brave," to return at the appointed time, and was allowed to go forth without a guard or bail.

At the expiration of the twenty days, according to appointment, the hour for the execution arrived, and the Indian, true to his word, at the very hour and minute galloped up to the place where the sentence was to be carried out, in company with three of his sisters and three brothers, all appearing as cheerful as though they had come to a dance or a frolic. The coffin was then brought on the ground, but some one remarked that it was too small; upon which one of the doomed Indian's brothers told him to lie down in it and measure, which he cheerfully did, and laughingly said: "It fits all right." The crowd meanwhile appearing to be in the most cheerful spirits, and cracked jokes and laughed.

At last when all was ready, the doomed man was ordered to sit on the ground. A handkerchief was then placed over his eyes by his sister. While the Sheriff held one hand, one of the condemned Indian's brothers held the other, on each side of him. The Deputy Sheriff then stood in an old house, about ten steps in front of the condemned with a rifle. From some cause the rifle went off accidentally, the bullet passing up through the roof of the house. The Indian, believing he was shot, drew himself up and shuddered, but did not speak or move from the spot. A black mark was then made over the Indian's heart, with spittle and powder, by his brother, while the Deputy Sheriff reloaded his rifle, and at a signal, took steady aim, fired, and pierced the centre of the mark. The Indian, with a few struggles, fell back dead, with the brother and Sheriff still holding his hands. No one seemed to be in the least affected except the doomed Indian's mother, who shed tears, but was told to "shut up," by her son, that all was over.

### Doing Little Mechanical Jobs.

"One minute with needle and thread and two stitches,
Oft sootheth the patience and saveth the breeches."
[*Todd's Bucolics.*

Every tiller of the soil should provide a small box, having several apartments, for small trinkets which are frequently needed to aid in putting tools and appliances in order. Many a farmer spends several hours of valuable time in travelling to and from a mechanic's workshop, simply to get a little five-cent job done, which he could have done himself in a few minutes, if he had been in possession of a little instrument which would not cost two dimes. Procure a few ounces of cut nails, from the smallest three-penny size to twelve-penny; put them in the fire when it is going out, and let the nails cool in the embers. This process will anneal the metal, making the best kind of clinch nails.—Purchase also, a dozen or two of wood screws of various sizes. Then select a few brad-awls of different sizes, which can be purchased for two or three cents each. Purchase also, a harness awl or two, and a piece of dogskin or thin calfskin, for mending harness. A saddler's needle or two, made of a triangular form near the point, will frequently be found convenient for mending leather gloves or mittens.—A good brace and a set of bits can be purchased at almost any hardware store, for the price of one or two bushels of wheat. Farmers and gardeners frequently go two or three miles, and pay a blacksmith three or four dimes for putting a bolt in some implement, when they could purchase a better bolt at the hardware store for three cents, do the job themselves, and thus save their time and money. Rivets are frequently needed. Carriage bolts and tire bolts will subserve the very best purpose of rivets, as the nuts can be tightened at pleasure. Neat carriage bolts and tire bolts can be obtained by the dozen at only two to four cents each. If one has a set of bitts, a few carriage bolts, screws, brads, clinch nails, awls and leather strings, he can repair a break-down in a few minutes. A small string will often help a person out of a serious difficulty. We recollect being a mile in the forest just at evening, one cold wintry day, having a heavy load, when a cookeye of one of the traces broke. There was not a strap, nor a string, a cord, nor a rope, among all our appliances, with which we could repair the break-down. In this sorrowful dilemma, we snatched a few long hairs from the tail of one of the horses, lashed the end of the trace to the hook of the whiffletree, and soon reached home with the load.

### Blight and Insect Composition.

A writer in the May issues of the Gardener's Monthly, said he paid $50 for the recipe for a blight composition which is not equal to that prepared in the following manner: Twenty five ounces of Liverpool salt, five ounces copperas, three ounces blue vitriol, one pound concentrated lye, five pounds hard soap or one gallon soft soap. The manner of preparing and applying it to apple and fruit trees is given as follows: "Take an old iron pot and put in the salt with a sufficient quantity of water, then heat. Pound up the blue vitriol, then the balance of the compound; if too hard put on harness oil until it is thin enough to brush on. Clean the roots of the tree and cut out the borer; then have a small brush something like a marking brush, and cover the wound. Then take the body and limbs. On the largest part of the body and limbs use a small white wash brush, four or five inches wide and not very thick. This will make the varnish regular and kill every insect. To every man that owns an orchard, this recipe is invaluable."

EDUCATION.—The most [illegible] every man's education [illegible] ceives from himself, [illegible] energy of his character [illegible] amend for the want of [illegible] course of study.

### Saving and Storing Seed.

Every tiller of the soil should make calculations for saving his own seed, as well as for raising a crop. A bountiful crop cannot be produced without choice seed. As such a large proportion of farmers and gardeners neglect this important practice, it is proper to dwell on the subject, reiterating the details several times every season. From June to October crops will be maturing. Wheat, barley and oats, in some localities, are even now ready for the harvest. If there is any difference at all in the appearance of the standing grain at harvest time, let a small plot here and another plot there, be staked off; and let the grain stand until the seed has become fully ripe. Then let it be harvested and stored by itself, where grain of an interior quality cannot be mingled with it.

The way to develop an improved variety of seed is to travel through the standing grain just as the ears and panicles begin to ripen; and when a head of wheat or barley, or a panicle of oats, is discovered that appears to be of an earlier variety than most of the ears around about it, tie a red string on the stem, and see that all such seed is gathered separately, and stored where mice and birds cannot devour the grain. Let such seed be sown in rich ground, and the product cultivated for a few years with care; and a wonderful improvement will soon be seen in the crops raised from such improved seed.

Seed of red clover is obtained from the second growth of stems, after the first growth has been mowed or grazed off; and in many instances, the yield of seed is so small, that it will scarcely cancel the expense of harvesting and hulling simply because the first crop was allowed to grow too long before it was cut. In order to be certain of a paying crop of seed, the first crop should be cut before half the heads have blossomed. Then sufficient strength will remain in the roots to produce a fair crop of seed.

The seeds of garden vegetables should be saved with care from the specimens that ripen first. The melons, squashes, pumpkins and cucumbers that ripen first, should be allowed to mature on the vines until they are dead ripe and begin to decay. Then the seed will be fully matured, and the plants which spring from them next season, will produce much better and larger vegetables than seed which has been saved from immature products.

The seed of cabbage, turnips, parsnips and carrots, is now maturing. In order to secure large and plump kernels, clip off all the small and half-matured pods and panicles, leaving none but the large ones to mature. A few hours' labor in saving good seed, will often be the means of doubling the quantity of the crop.

COMING.—According to the Western journals, [illegible] army of invaders is now marching eastward [illegible] the Rocky Mountains, which threatens the [illegible] States with greater and more lasting injuries than any foreign foe could inflict.

When Colorado began to be settled, a wild potato was found on the eastern slope of the mountains, which was infested by the larvæ of a species of beetle called Doryphora decemliniata. This creature soon attacked the cultivated potato, and under the name of Colorado potato-bug, began its eastward advance. It entered Wisconsin, at the southwest corner, in 1862; Northern Indiana in 1867, and Southern Illinois in 1868, and is now moving on, with its front forming an irregular line extending from the northwestern borders of Ohio to places south of Indianapolis. Within seven or eight years at most, it threatens to reach the Atlantic coast, and destroy or seriously limit the culture of the potato throughout the Northern States.

The ravages of the insect are committed in the larvæ, which is hatched out of the egg while the potato plant is young and tender. It is described as a plump "bug" about half an inch long, of "a Venetian red inclining to a cream color," a black head and a double row of black spots or "dots," along the side. The eggs are laid in groups of twenty or thirty on the underside of the leaf, and the last brood of each season, upon reaching the proper state, hide in the ground until the following spring, ready to begin depredations on the new crop.

This story comes from Sharp Mountain, in Pennsylvania: Two young girls some days ago left a smaller one, about four years old, alone under a tree for a short time, and on returning to the spot found the little one standing still and speechless—neither replying to their questions nor wishing to leave the spot. They finally carried her home against her will, where every question was asked and effort made to make her speak, but in vain, until they enquired if she had seen a snake, when she immediately went into convulsions, with which she has been afflicted at intervals ever since.

Miss Delia Roberts, a Kentucky school teacher, twenty-two years of age, hung herself last week because of her love for one of her boy pupils, a lad not yet fourteen. On the evening before her death, she went to the boy's house, and calling him to the gate said: "Ned, you will never see me again. When you grow to be a man and marry, tell your wife about the woman old enough to be your mother, who died on your account." Thus saying, she clasped the object of her strange passion to her bosom and was never seen alive again.

A man known to his neighbors as "Austrian George," recently murdered a young girl at Cherokee Flatt, Cal., and then was pursued and caught. He attempted to shoot himself through the head with a revolver, but the weapon was wrested from him, and as he tried to escape he was shot dead. His body was then taken to his cabin at Cherokee Flat, and there met by a crowd of excited people, who tore down the cabin, piled up the wood of which it was composed, placed his body in an upright position on this pile and burned all to ashes.

A disease resembling that of congestive chill has attacked the hogs in Fulton county, Illinois. The per centage of deaths is very large.

### Convention in Davidson.

In accordance with previous notice, the people of Davidson county assembled in the Court-House, in Lexington, on the 24th ult., for the purpose of nominating candidates for the Convention.

The Convention was organized by electing Eli G. Burton, Esq., Chairman, and William Thompson and J. R. Pinnix, Secretaries.

On motion of Capt. F. C. Robbins, the delegates from each township in the county retired to a room and, after consultation, reported, through their Chairman, William Harris, Esq., the names of Alfred Hargrave and C. F. Lowe, as the unanimous choice of the delegates for the nominees.

While the delegates were out, our representative in Congress, Hon. James M. Leach, [illegible] addressed the meeting for about an hour and a half, in one of his able, eloquent, and convincing speeches. He showed to the satisfaction of all unprejudiced minds, that the people of North Carolina cannot live under our present Constitution, and that it will be the duty of every voter in the State, without regard to party, color or previous condition, to march up to the polls in August next, and vote for Convention.

At the close of Gen. Leach's speech, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

*Resolved*, That, as the people are the source of all power in our form of government, and as the government itself is emphatically theirs, it was commendable and wise in the legislature to leave the question of calling a Convention to the people, instead of ordering one themselves.

2. That we approve the restrictions contained in the Convention bill, believing that the laborer's lien law is just and equitable; that the colored man's rights should not be interfered with, if they could be, and that the homestead question, having been adjudicated and settled, should remain undisturbed.

3. That the question of changing our organic law rises far above all mere party questions, affecting, as it does, the interests of the whole people of all portions, and the movement for a Convention should, therefore, enlist in its favor the earnest and united efforts of men of all parties, and without respect to party.

4. That our present State Constitution is defective in many important particulars; and a Convention is the best and cheapest, if not the only practicable mode of effecting the necessary changes. We need a State Convention to strike out those clauses of the constitution by which men hold over beyond the time for which the people elected them, and by which others threaten to do so; to abolish numerous useless offices with their high pay; to remove that great nuisance, the township system; to reform our judiciary, which was once our pride, but has become expensive and inefficient, and disgraceful to our State; to give us a simpler and cheaper and better county government; to relieve us from intolerable burdens of taxation which threaten to impoverish us, sweep away our homesteads and crush us to the dust; in short, to restore to us once more a North Carolina Constitution and system of government, simple, cheap and sound, of which we may be proud, and under which we may live in peace and happiness.

The meeting was then very agreeably entertained, for a short time, with good music from a string band, composed of some of the noble colored men of Davidson county. Henry Pinnix is the leader of the band, and they are all strong for the Convention.

On motion, the Chairman appointed Dr. W. B. Mears, William Harris and Wiley Crouse, as a committee to wait upon the nominees, and inform them of their nomination. After a short interval, Mr. Crouse, in behalf of the committee, presented to the Convention Alfred Hargrave, Esq., one of the nominees, who was received with great applause and enthusiasm. He made a few appropriate remarks in accepting the nomination. C. F. Lowe, Esq., was so situated that he could not be present, but his nomination was received with equal applause and enthusiasm, and he will accept the nomination.

This was one of the largest and most respectable Conventions ever held in Davidson, and its nominees will carry the county by a handsome majority.

ELI G. BURTON, Ch'm,
WM. THOMPSON, } Secretaries,
J. K. PINNIX, }

A letter from Fort Griffin, Texas, dated June 7th, says: "I suppose you have heard of the great slaughter of Indians here. The cavalry met some two hundred men, women and children, and showed them no quarter—killing all they could lay their hands on. Such yelling I never did hear. Every man for himself. The infantry was in the reserve and caught all stragglers, not even one escaping, order having been given to show no quarter."

A San Francisco shopman who was offered a pistol in trade the other day, took it into the next store which was kept by a woman and asked her opinion of it.—While she was examining it the pistol was discharged, and the woman was shot through the hand and the man killed. The stranger who had desired to dispose of the pistol, picked it up after the shooting, and coolly walked off.

On Monday last, one hundred and fifty employees of the Newark, Ohio, rolling mill company seized George S. Fight, the President, for back pay, which, they claimed, he had the means of meeting. They released him till next day upon his pledge that he would properly account for the funds in his hands.

A discharged U. S. soldier was instantly killed last Saturday night on the [illegible] of the W. C. & A. R. R. Being [illegible] he had removed part of his [illegible] and lain down on the track to sleep. The train came by at full speed, and the victim never woke again.

MORALITY.—Every one owes obedience to the laws, but a still higher obligation is due to morality; and if it happens that both cannot be complied with, it is better to do an illegal than an an immoral one.

# The People's Press.

SALEM, N. C.

FRIDAY, JULY 7, 1871.

GEO. WALTER SITES,--EDITOR.


## Convention Election,
### First Thursday in August.

### Forsyth County Convention.

The friends of Convention, *irrespective of party*, in Forsyth County, are invited to meet at the Court House in Winston, on **Tuesday, July 18th,** for the purpose of nominating a delegate to represent the county in the approaching Constitutional Convention.

Let all the friends of Reform and Low Taxes attend, and assist in bringing out a suitable candidate. It is suggested that the citizens of the different townships hold primary meetings and appoint delegates to the County Convention, with instructions as to the choice of their township for County Delegate.

### PUBLIC SPEAKING.

The opponents of Convention have made the following appointments for public speaking, at all of which places they will be met by the friends of Convention who will discuss the question:

Friday, 7th " .....Kernersville.
Wednesday, 12th " .....Waughtown, Nissen's Shop.
Thursday, 13th " .....Christian Sides'.
Friday, 14th " ...Bunker Hill Meeting House.

In addition to the above appointments, the friends of Convention will address the citizens of the county at the following times and places, and the opposition are respectfully invited to attend:

Saturday, 8th " .....Lewisville.

### PUBLIC SPEAKING.

The friends of a Convention of the people take pleasure in announcing that the

**Hon. THOMAS J. JARVIS,**

*Speaker of the House of Representatives,*

has consented to address the people at the following times and places:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Yadkinville, | Thurday, July | 20th. |
| Mount Airy, | Saturday, " | 22d. |
| Danbury, | Monday, " | 24th. |
| Winston, | Wedn'sday, " | 26th. |
| Mocksville, | Thursday, " | 27th. |
| Statesville, | Saturday, " | 29th. |
| Thomasville, | Monday, " | 31st. |
| High Point, | Tuesday, Aug. | 1st. |

**Hon. JAS. M. LEACH,**

has been requested, and is expected to beat a portion of these appointments, especially those in his Congressional District.

Other distinguished speakers may be expected at them all.

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The first half year of the 19th volume of the PRESS closed last week, and this week we have enlarged the people's paper by the addition of about two columns, lengthening each column about fifteen lines. Future improvements will depend upon the disposition of the people of this section to sustain us in the effort to furnish them with a live *news*paper. We have both the will and the ability to do it, but we want our friends to show us by renewed subscriptions that our labor is properly appreciated.

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The Convention election takes place on Thursday, the 3d day of August. Township officers are to be elected on the same day. It is only four weeks off. Are the townships properly organized? Much depends on that. There will be no flying about from one township to another in this election. The Sheriff cannot play this time the game that worked so well in his hands last summer, and by which the Conservative candidate for the Legislature was choused out of his election. He cannot collect nearly all the colored men he can lay hands upon and march them up to the Winston box, where many of them are unknown. Every man must vote in the township where he belongs and where he is known, and he must have resided one year in the State and thirty days previous to the election in the township where he offers to vote. This is now the law, which was passed to prevent the gross frauds which, under radical legislation, had poisoned the ballot box, and almost rendered our elections a miserable farce.

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Remember that it was the great victory of the people last summer that drove the big plunderers, Littlefield, Swepson, Laflin, Jones, Sloan and others from the public treasury, and sent some of them flying across the line, followed by the execrations of those whom they had victimized so long. That victory shut down the flood gate upon the tide of corruption, and checked it. Now let us have another grand victory, and drive off all the petty plunderers who have been fastened upon us by Holden's Constitution, and stop all the petty leaks which that Constitution keeps open. The Convention will be the mighty agent in this salutary work. So, down with the blood-suckers and up with the Convention.

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The radical leaders are making desperate efforts to retrieve their falling fortunes, and are spending like water the money which originally came out of the pockets of the people through many a questionable process. But it is all of no use. Last summer settled their doom. Then it was that the ominous writing blazed upon the wall of their political temple. This summer the prophecy will march to its fulfillment. Attorney General Starbuck has "compromised" many a little thing in his career, if the victim only had money enough, but he can't "compromise" this business. The victims are on top now, and he hasn't now, and never will have money enough to get his party out of the scrape into which the wickedness of its leaders has plunged it.

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The Supreme Court of North Carolina has rendered the following decisions:

Henry Hughes *vs.* Wm. H. Wheeler, from Forsyth. Error. Judgment reversed, and new trial granted.

John Blackburn *vs.* C. B. Brooks, *et al*, from Forsyth. Error. Judgment reversed.

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At a gathering, a few days since, some miles below town, there were ten farmers present, all voters, and out of the ten there was only *one* opposed to Convention. Straws show which way the wind is blowing.

### The Same Old Game.

Everybody recollects how, previous to the election last summer, the organs of the radical party teemed with startling articles, declaring in large type that the issue was "Peace or War"—that if the Conservatives were successful, the President or Congress would have to interfere, that we would be thrown back under military rule, and that the tramp of soldiers would resound from the seaboard to the mountains. All this was very frightful stuff to the peaceable citizens of North Carolina to have crammed down their throats by Holden and his precious crew, still they were not afraid. They were determined to break down the insolent official who sat entrenched in the highest position of the State, and to drive out the horde of public robbers who operated under his sheltering arms. They succeeded, and where was the "War" that was to come so fast? Where were the soldiers? What did Congress or the President do? Instead of "War," we settled down into a profoundor peace. Instead of soldiers coming here, those that had been brought here by Holden went away. Instead of Congress or the President meddling with us, they let us alone, and if the truth were told, we dare say there were many Republicans in Congress who felt glad in their hearts that Holden's usurpations and the robberies of his radical parasites had been so signally rebuked.

But the office-holders are trying the same game now. They talk of the Convention being "revolutionary"—that it will bring trouble and war upon us—that the President will interfere, and not permit the delegates to assemble—and all such ridiculous stuff. We have heard it all before; it is "sound and fury, signifying nothing." The opposition to the Convention by certain high officials and the threats which they permit their little di-dapping understrikers to make, are solely intended to work upon the fears of the people so that they will vote against Convention. Should the people vote to call and hold a Convention, *there will be no opposition from any quarter to its assembling, and it will be recognized as constitutional by the very men who now pretend it is not constitutional.* They will then say that whatever was illegitimate in it before, has been made legitimate by the expressed sovereign will of the people.

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The office-holders' temporary organ—the *Carolina Era*—is being scattered broadcast over this and adjoining counties, by the office-holders, who have clubbed together, made up a purse, and sent the money with a long list of names, to Raleigh. We apply the adjective "temporary" to the organ, because it was started merely to help the office-holders defeat the Convention, and after the election, its light will be extinguished. It is bound, in the nature of things, to flicker out. A paper cannot exist without subscribers, and as the office-holders will shut their pocketbooks with a slam as soon as the election is over, the *Era* will lose its main support. Lack of patronage is what sent the *Standard* to its tomb, and in about six or eight weeks from now we apprehend it will be our melancholy duty to preach another obituary sermon, with the following as our text:

"If so quickly I am done for,
I wonder what I was begun for."

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The calculation has been made that the Sheriff's commissions for collecting taxes are now about $2,000 a year. Of course, the Sheriff is opposed to the Convention, *because*, in the event of the Convention being defeated, the back interest for several years of an unjust and fraudulent State debt will have to be paid, the taxes, as a consequence, increased, and the Sheriff's commissions more than doubled—amounting perhaps to something like $5,000 a year. Is it not very plain why our Sheriff is striving so hard to defeat the Convention? Self-interest is at the bottom of the whole of his opposition to this great measure of public relief. He does not care one cent how much the people groan under the burdens of taxation—even to having their homesteads sold for taxes—so that he gets his darling commissions, and grows rich by the operation.

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The office holders, having no valid arguments which they can bring to bear against Convention, are striving to confuse the people by misrepresenting facts; and, where this fails, they even stoop to *personalities* hoping thereby to prejudice the people against the Convention men. There is such a thing as paying debts in the same coin, and we would, in all kindness, recommend to the Sheriff to be guarded in his language in the future, and though much can be forgiven in a heated partisan discussion, there *is* a line separating the party advocate from the individual which no man has a right to cross. If he disregards this warning, which is conveyed in the most courteous manner, forbearance will cease to be a virtue, and he will be apt to hear it thunder.

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In the political lexicon of North Carolina, to-day, there's no such word as Convention.—*Raleigh Telegram.*

That is very singular. It seems to us that we must certainly have seen that word somewhere. Probably the *Telegram* meant to get a little closer to the true quotation, and say that in the bright lexicon of the Convention men there's no such word as fail.

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South Fork township is a very unhealthy place for the Sheriff. He spent a few hours there one day last week, and when he went home he came near dying with the belly-ache. He had better keep away from South Fork, for the people of that township have set their faces like flints against paying a fraudulent State debt, and increasing the Sheriff's commissions.

### Where the Money Went To.

They will not say it openly and publicly, they dare not assert it upon the stump where they know it will meet with a flat denial, backed up by facts and figures which cannot be gainsayed, but quietly among the people the office-holders are telling that the present Legislature, during its late session, increased the State debt by $300,000. There is not one word of truth in it. The Legislature did not authorize the issue of one single dollar of bonds to be added to our State debt. The previous radical Legislature, which increased our State indebtedness from seventeen to thirty-six millions of dollars—having received bribes to the amount of $240,000 to do it—so disgusted and angered our people that it was not very likely that the present Legislature would follow the example of its venal predecessor, even to the amount of one penny.

The truth of the whole matter is this: When the last year's taxes were paid in last fall, it was thought by every one (except the radical leaders in Raleigh who *knew* what they had stolen and what they yet intended to steal) that there would, of course, be sufficient funds in the Treasury to meet the expenses of the State government until the next tax levy; but lo! and behold! when the Legislature assembled in November, it was discovered that the birds of prey had been at work, and the Treasury was nearly empty. Nearly every dollar of last year's taxes had been taken to pay the extravagant bills and expenses of the radical administration, which had been lying over since the previous winter, and which had been incurred by Governor Holden since the adjournment of his subservient Legislature. This included the $70,000 or more—we *never will* get at its real cost—which was taken, without rightful authority, to pay Kirk's soldiers and the rest of Holden's wicked war expenses. The radical Legislature of 1869-'70 had not only appropriated to its own purposes all the money then in the Treasury, but had gone further, and had appropriated nearly everything that was to come into the Treasury during 1870. They made a clean sweep of everything that was, and everything that was to be, for they were determined that if the people ousted them and elected a Conservative Legislature, that Conservative Legislature should assemble surrounded by financial difficulties. So, when the Conservative Legislature did meet in November 1870, there was nothing to go upon. Everything had been squandered. It was evident that the government had to have funds, to carry it on, but the Legislature recoiled from levying a special tax upon the people, already burdened, to meet the emergency. Therefore, it was considered expedient, *not* to add to our State debt by calling for a loan and issuing bonds that would not bring forty cents on the dollar, but to borrow temporarily from the special tax fund, which belongs to the respective counties, and to anticipate the dividend due to the State upon its interest in the North Carolina Railroad. Thus were obtained sufficient funds to keep the wheel of government moving, until a Convention could be called, and our finances, plunged into confusion by radical legislation, could be straightened out. The Conservative party through its legislature, has not added one dime to the bonded debt of the State, and it looks very badly for the office-holders who applauded and defended the radical legislature in adding twenty millions of dollars to our State debt, almost all of which was stolen by the favorites of that party, to be abusing the Conservative Legislature for anticipating two or three hundred thousand dollars of the State's *own assets* for the purpose of temporarily supplying the absolute necessities of a Treasury which the radical leaders had wickedly emptied.

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It is perfectly ridiculous to hear the office-holders prate about the "cost" of the Convention, when one of the chief objects of the Convention will be to do away with the fraudulent debt which they and their disreputable allies piled upon the State, and which, if we do not get rid of it, is likely to "cost" our people their homesteads and put the State at the mercy of land-sharks from abroad. Just think of it.

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The cost of Convention is fairly estimated at $25,000, and it ought to be less. There are about 250,000 tax-payers in the State, and if every one paid an equal part towards the expense of the Convention, that part would be just *ten cents*. Property, however, and not polls, pays this expense, and so it will be seen that the richer a man is, the more he pays, while the poor man with only his homestead, pays but *two* or *three* cents towards it. Awful expense, isn't it?

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The Sheriff of Robeson county advertises to sell at public sale, on the 5th of August next, 24,950 acres of land in that county belonging to 129 different parties, all of which has been levied on for taxes due in 1870 and still unpaid. Many of the lots are from 50 to 150 acres, and are, no doubt, Homesteads. How many more counties will be sold out in this way, unless we get speedy relief by means of a Convention?

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All the ex-Governors living in North Carolina—all the ex-judges of the Superior Court—all the ex-United States Senators—men who have been tried and trusted, and who have studied the Constitution closely, are in favor of calling a convention of the people in the mode prescribed by the present law. They consider it the paramount necessity of the times, and believe that if the Convention is defeated, the people will suffer keenly for their folly in letting the golden opportunity slip past them.

### The Era and its Engineer.

We desire our readers, and especially those who may be getting the *Carolina Era* through the interested but short-lived generosity of the office-holders, to remember that that musbroom paper is now edited by Marcus Erwin, Esq., the late editor having been suddenly *spirited* away about the 22nd of June, and nothing heard of him from that day to this. Mark Erwin is a first rate lawyer, a good speaker on the stump or in the forum, an excellent writer, knowing well how to make the worse appear the better reason, as good a fellow personally as ever lived, and as a friend, we esteem him highly; BUT—these 'buts' are terrible things—he was an original dyed-in-the-wool secessionist, who helped to carry the State out of the Union, who breathed vengeance and slaughter against everybody who dared to avow Union sentiments, and who once told Hon. Jo. Turner that he would probably be hung because he couldn't see the absolute necessity of breaking up the Union, as Mark did. Well, he remained a secessionist all through the war, growled at the government after the war, and did not get the old Satan fairly out of him until the summer of 1869, when he began to look around him and see how the radical leaders of that day were carrying things with a high hand and gaining great piles of lucre, and his sad heart yearned to be in such goodly company. Accordingly he prayed without ceasing, in the fond hope that the time would soon come when he could prey *and* seize, like the others were doing. If our recollection serves us, he made his first public recantation of his former views at a Radical celebration on the 4th day of July 1869, at Asheville, in the presence of a dozen, or perhaps more, white men, mostly office-holders, about forty or fifty colored citizens and a whole caravan of boys. The rads across the mountains took up an idea that Mark had made his summersault for the sake of getting office, and securing one of the rich public teats at which they were sucking, but this was one of those errors to which jealous people are constantly subject. Mark assured us personally that his conduct had been prompted by patriotic, and not mercenary considerations, and if there is any quality in our nature upon which we most pride ourself, it is in most devoutly believing everything that a gentleman tells us. As an evidence that we *did* believe, we can refer to the fact that we have never mentioned the matter from that day to this, and allude to it now, only to set our old friend right before a public which is apt to be censorious and somewhat incredulous. However, to get back to our story, the rads over the mountains evinced no little disgust at Mark's sudden flop into their family circle, and we remember communications which were published in the Ashville *Pioneer* at that time, recommending our acrobatic friend to "take a back seat," until he had all the secesh leaven washed out of him, and had performed works worthy of forgiveness. Mark has been laboring hard for recognition as a leader of the faithful ever since, and, although he was not considered to have progressed sufficiently in radical sanctity some time since to take hold of the *Standard*, yet he is now we believe, cleansed of all his heresies, and has been arrayed in the robes of the radical priesthood with full authority to expound the office-holder's doctrine to "the faithful *few*" who can or will read his spicy lucubrations. Last summer's election was somewhat of a staggerer to our old friend, who began to think to himself that he had possibly made a mistake, but with surprising nerve he kept on in the wrong track. This summer will give him another heart-rending set back; but next year, the Presidential election will knock all the radical wind out of him, and then we shall look for him to go into another two years' course of repentant probation, preparatory to his return, like a long lost, but still well beloved prodigal, into the Conservative fold.

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If the Convention should be defeated, and the Legislature is compelled to levy a tax in accordance with the present Constitution, and their oaths, to pay the interest on the public debt, that tax will be five times heavier than the tax of last year or this year, and its collection will result in irretrievable ruin of our people. This heavy tax is one of the disastrous legacies left to us by the last radical legislature, which appropriated State bonds like waste paper to swindling Rings.

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Remember furthermore that the great radical bellwether, Phillips, has been on both sides of the question, and is at this time poising himself on the dead limbs of his newly found tree, ready to fly.

We copy the above from a communication in our able cotemporary, the *Robesonian*, for the sake of the remarkable figure of speech it contains. We should like to see a "bell-wether," "poising himself on the dead limbs" of a tree, "ready to fly." Such a spectacle would make us forget all about the campaign.

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In the present party struggle, let not the laboring interests of the State lag.—*Raleigh Telegram.*

There is not a single interest in the State, except the interest of the office-holders, but what is lagging and languishing, and has been lagging and languishing, ever since radicalism breathed its deadly blight upon us, and inveigled us into the acceptance of a Constitution not suited to our wants, and which we accepted only with the distinct understanding on the part of many that we could in a few years alter and amend it. When the people call a Convention, as is their sovereign right, regulate the organic law, and cast off the intolerable burdens which that law, as it stands at present, fastens upon us, then there will be no more lagging, but all the material interests of the State will be reinvigorated, and new life will flow ruddily through every vein and artery of the body politic.

### The Restrictions.

Bear in mind that the State Constitutional Convention is to be restricted, and cannot interfere with the Homestead, Lien Law or Right of Suffrage. These restrictions will be binding upon the members, for it is the people—the sovereign power—who impose them. The Legislature does not impose these restrictions. That body has simply, in its capacity as the law-making power, enacted a law containing these restrictions, but which law is not worth the paper it is written upon, unless the people endorse it at the ballot box. If the people *do* endorse it, then the act becomes theirs and from them it receives vitality. The Convention of 1835 was restricted, just as the proposed Convention is, and the members of that Convention found themselves compelled to regard these restrictions. When the matter was mooted, Judge Gaston rose in the Convention and plainly laid down the law in the following language:

"The Legislature by the act proposed to the people a Convention with the powers, limitations and restrictions set forth in the act. It was, as it came from the Legislature, no more than a proposition or recommendation. It must originate somewhere, and in no body could it have originated with so much propriety as in that which represented the people for legislative purposes. The proposition having been sanctioned by the people, it became the act of the people; it has been sanctioned precisely as it was proposed. Such a Convention as is proposed in the act of Assembly, and no other, has been called, and therefore that act, so sanctioned, must be recognized as our power of attorney. If we transcend the limits or refuse obedience to the conditions therein provided, we are not the Convention called by the people, but a self-constituted body."

When the office-holders and their strikers say that the Convention, if called, will not regard these restrictions, they utter what they *know* to be base slanders. The people well know that if the Convention *could* be insane enough to disregard these restrictions, they—the people—still have the whip hand, for *everything the Convention does must be submitted to them for ratification or rejection.*

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The Washington correspondent of the Richmond *Dispatch* gives us some idea as to the feeling of prominent men regarding political prospects. The Conservatives and Democrats are very much encouraged at the accessions of strength and vigor to their ranks in the North, and particularly in New England, where it is known that there is a very strong feeling against the present Administration. Radicals from that section do not attempt to underrate the importance of the Conservative movement now in progress. From the way things look now, and in view of the fact that disgusted Republicans are almost daily throwing off their old political rags and rushing after Chief Justice Chase into the ranks of the young Democracy, it is not unreasonable to suppose that, in the Presidential contest next year, the Democrats and Conservatives will carry Maine, New Hampshire and Connecticut. The organization is daily increasing its strength in each of the three States since the wide endorsement by the party of the principles enunciated in recent Democratic State Conventions.

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We publish this week a list of the Registrars and Judges, or Inspectors, appointed by the Commissioners of Forsyth, to hold the Convention election, and the election for township officers, in the several townships of this county, on the 3rd of next month. It will be seen that in many of the townships the Registrar and both Judges are Republicans and anti-Convention men; and, consequently, we consider that the Commissioners have not done the fair thing. It was a very easy thing for them to have given the Conservatives and Convention men, one judge in each township, if they had been so inclined. The spirit of the law, if not its letter, demands that the Judges be taken, one from either party, so that there may be not even the appearance of any one-sided business, or underhand work, in this election.

Our friends must be in force at the polls on the day of election and keep a strict watch upon matters, and they especially have the right, as many as choose, to be present when the ballots are counted.—There are heavy penalties prescribed in the Convention Act for illegal voters, and the same penalties attach to Registrars who shall make or cause, or suffer to be made any entry with intent to commit a fraud.

There will be three election boxes, and three separate tickets next August: One box, for "Convention," or "No Convention," one for delegates, and one for township officers. One set of Judges will have control of the box on Convention and also the box for delegates, and the other judges, or poll-holders, will have charge of the box for township officers.

Every person who votes must vote in the township in which he is an actual resident. No certificates of registration can be given to enable him to vote in another township. He must vote where he belongs, or not at all. Any voter can be challenged on the day of election.

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Jos. W. Holden, son of the late Governor, has emigrated to Kansas, so a Republican paper alleges, and is about to start a newspaper at Leavenworth in that State. Unhappy Kansas!

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Napoleon's order at the Battle of the Pyramids, was "Jackasses and philosophers to the centre." Sam Phillips' order in the present Convention contest is "Mules and demagogues to the front." Col. Billy Henderson is coming to this county to help the Sheriff hoodwink the people.

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An unsophisticated young man in Oshkosh, Wisconsin, sued a maiden the other day to compel her to keep her agreement to marry him. Before the case was called for trial the father of the maiden offered the discarded lover five dollars to settle matters, which the young man accepted as full compensation for a broken heart.

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Ex-Governor Holden will not return to North Carolina this fall as some of his partisans alleged. His family have left Raleigh, and joined him in his northern retreat.

### President Grant Raising Cain in Asia.

The Administration, notwithstanding its peaceful mask and domino, has managed to steer the country into hostilities with the Coreans, a numerous, half-civilized and warlike people inhabiting the extensive peninsula on the north-eastern coast of China. The Coreans are governed by their own king, who, though he pays to the emperor of China the small tribute of eight hundred ounces of silver annually, is, in all other respects, independent of that country; notwithstanding the fact that many of our maps include Corea as an integral portion of the Chinese empire.

In April last, Mr. Low, the American minister to China, received despatches from Washington, instructing him to negotiate a treaty with the Corean authorities for certain specified purposes, and especially to secure, if possible, commercial advantages for this country. Admiral Rodgers, commanding the American fleet in the Chinese waters, at the same time received instructions from the Navy Department to sustain Minister Low, who, on his part was instructed to exercise prudence and discretion, and to avoid a conflict with the Coreans unless it could not be avoided without dishonor. In plain words, if Minister Low found himself unable to swindle the Coreans out of a treaty favorable to this government, the Admiral was to sail in and knock the contumacious fellows in the head; all of which is the most approved method now-a-days of making treaties with weaker and less enlightened powers. The attempt of the Administration to force a treaty upon a reluctant people, unaccustomed to and jealous of foreigners, has resulted, as it was bound to do, in a series of sanguinary conflicts, the details of which have just reached this country.

On the 10th of June, Commander Blake with the American war vessels *Monocacy* and *Palos*, was ordered to ascend the river Sable, and make a survey of that stream. The Americans were joined by a French war vessel, and several of other nations, anxious to see what was to be seen, and take a hand in whatever might be going on. Having passed up the river to a certain point, masked batteries, manned by several thousand Coreans, suddenly opened a heavy fire, without warning, upon the squadron. The French ship, which happened to be in advance, fought gallantly, and the Americans, bearing up, opened their broadsides and drove the enemy from their works. The tide soon swept all the ships past all the batteries, when the anchors were cast, and shells thrown among the retreating Coreans. Upon returning the vessels were not fired into, the forts having been destroyed.

Subsequent operations are briefly detailed in the following dispatch from Admiral Rogers to the Secretary of the Navy. It is dated June 23d.:

"The Coreans not apologising for the treacherous attack on the 10th inst., we landed on Kang Noe, took and destroyed the lower fort and munitions. On the 11th we took another fort. We then stormed, carried and captured the stronghold. Five forts have been taken, together with the troops, reported at 11,000. There was desperate hand-to-hand fighting in the citadel. The ordinance was destroyed—481 pieces, principally small brass pieces. A large amount of small arms and fifty flags were taken. We counted 243 dead Coreans around the citadel. Our killed was only three—the gallant Lieut. McKee, who was the first inside the citadel, was killed by bullet and spear; marine Dennis Hanahan and landsman Seth Allen. We had nine wounded, all of whom are out of danger and doing well.

### Kernersville High School.

MR. EDITOR:—Having attended the close of the Kernersville High School, on the 22d and 23d of June, taught by Prof. and Mrs. Ray, I send you a short notice of their examination, which was very interesting.

The examination commenced on Thursday morning. The text-books were offered to any one in the house, (stating how far the pupil had been in such book) requesting them to select questions or examples therefrom. The scholars answered with as much promptness and decision as they would have done on a lesson prepared for the occasion.

Many persons are opposed to mixed schools, but certainly it is advantageous as well as interesting for brother and sister, hand in hand to climb the hill of science, and where parents and teachers do their duty no serious objections can be raised.

Prof. Ray having received his education at the Bingham school, teaches upon their plan which has been a success, as almost every one knows.

The examination closed at 12 o'clock, on Friday, after which the people repaired to the Moravian Church, a more commodious building, to hear the address of Col. J. A. Gilmer, of Greensboro, which was deep, well-timed and instructive; all were well-pleased, while many noticed in the youthful speaker much of that eloquence and fire that in former years marked the public speaking of his lamented father. Col. Gilmer has the best wishes of the patrons and friends of Kernersville High School.

At 7 o'clock in the evening, the pupils gave a pleasant entertainment in the way of declamations and recitations, interspersed with some of the Kernersville Brass Band's "spiciest pieces." After which those that wished to resorted to the Academy and spent an hour or two in a social party.

Kernersville affords every natural advantage for a good school, and Prof. Ray is the right man in the right place. Parents and wards will find it to their interest to patronize this school.

A PATRON.

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A couple of convicts escaped from the New Hanover Work House, one bright morning last week, but were captured the same night "when everything was still," while attempting to cut their lucky across Hilton bridge. The officials suspected they would take that route, and accordingly hid themselves behind the pillars of the bridge until the fugitives came along, when they pounced upon them and bore them off in triumph.

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Mr. Samuel Parton of Wake, was instantly killed one day last week, near his saw mill, while hoisting a log on a wagon. The chain broke and one end struck him on the back of the head, producing instant death.

## LOCAL ITEMS.

### VIENNA TOWNSHIP

will hold a Township Meeting on **Saturday, the 8th of July,** for the purpose of nominating township officers and appointing delegates to the County Convention to be held in Winston on the **16th of July.**

### TOWNSHIP MEETINGS.

**Hopkinsville Township** will hold a meeting on **Saturday, July 15th.**

**Belew's Creek Township** will hold a meeting on **Saturday, July 15th.**

The folowing persons have been appointed Registrars of voters and Inspectors of the Convention election:

Belew's Creek Township.—Joel Fulton, Esq., Registrar; James M. Lewis, M. L. Whicker, Inspectors.

Salem Chapel Township.—Hardin Haizlip, Esq., Registrar; Reuben Crews, Thos. M. Marshall, Inspectors.

Bethania Township.—Wm. E. Lehman, Esq., Registrar; Elias Shaub, Levin Grabbs, Inspectors.

Old Richmond Township.—T. J. Stauber, Esq., Registrar; Wm. Spainhour, James G. Newsom, Inspectors.

Kernersville Township.—A. H. S. Beard, Esq., Registrar; Vestal Perry, Anderson Nicholson, Inspectors.

Middle Fork Township.—J. C. Crews, Esq., Registrar; Wm. Morris, John Beeson, Inspectors.

Old Town Township.—N. C. Dawson, Esq., Registrar; N. S. McGee, James C. Crews, Inspectors.

Vienna Township.—Philip Mock, Esq., Registrar; Wilson Hauser, Thos. M. Hunter, Inspectors.

Abbott's Creek Township.—Eli Weavil, Esq., Registrar; Aquilla Pitts, Ransom Phipps, Inspectors.

Broadbay Township.—F. A. Tucker, Esq., Registrar; Amos Steward, Wm. L. Sink, Inspectors.

South Fork Township.—Thos. Spach, Esq., Registrar; C. D. Sides, Benj. Hampton, Inspectors.

Lewisville Township.—L. C. Laughenour, Esq., Registrar; W. B. Stipe, Elisha Harper, Inspectors.

Winston Township.—Jacob Tise, Esq., Registrar; John N. Blum, Solomon Mickey, Inspectors.

**The following persons are appointed to hold the election in the different townships for Township Officers, on the first Thursday in August next:**

Belew's Creek Township.—Wm. Crim, N. D. Vance.

Salem Chapel Township.—Sidney Marshall, Henry Reed.

Bethania Township.—Reinholt Oehman, John L. Shore.

Old Richmond Township.—H. H. Long, J. C. Doub.

Kernersville Township.—Philip Kerner, Wm. M. Vance.

Middle Fork Township.—W. A. Lowry, Isaac Vanhoy.

Old Town Township.—John H. Shore, C. H. Hauser.

Vienna Township.—Wm. Goslin, Solomon Tise.

Abbott's Creek Township.—David Smith, John Hedgecock.

Broadbay Township.—Dempsy Bailey, Emanuel Reed.

South Fork Township.—John M. Stafford, Asa Jones.

Lewisville Township.—John Coltrain, Thos. L. Warner.

Winston Township.—J. S. White, Jesse Kennedy.

KITTRELL'S SPRINGS:—This well-known watering place is open for the season, and a gay time is expected. The proprietors, Messrs. Blacknall & Co., have favored us with an invitation to sojourn with them for awhile, and enjoy the excellent accommodation, healthy location, superior mineral water, elegant shade and numerous other advantages of their establishment. Business, however, tyrannically claims us at home, and so we must content ourselves with enjoying our own advantages, which include a mineral spring of surpassing virtue, not over four hundred yards from our office-door.

A NEW NORTH CAROLINA SPELLING BOOK:—We have received a specimen, copy of a new Primary Speller and Reader containing easy lessons for beginners, compiled by Mr. John D. Johnson, a practical teacher of long and successful experience at Yadkinville, N. C. It is claimed for this little book, that it posesses important advantages over the many primers and first-books for children which are now in use; and, in glancing over its pages, we think the claim well founded. The lessons are arranged in a new style, convenient to the teacher and readily understood by the pupil. The book contains 77 pages, the paper und typography are excellent, and the only faults we notice are a lack of illustrations, and the paper covers. Children invariably prefer pictures, no matter how rude, scattered through their spelling lessons; and stiff paste-board covers to a spelling book are almost an absolute necessity. These things, however, can readily be remedied by Mr. Johnson, if his book proves successful, which we sincerely trust will be the case, if for no other reason than because it is a North Carolina book.

A WEDDING PARTY:—Our quiet town was startled from its propriety on Friday evening last by the advent of a real, live wedding party, fresh and sparkling from New Garden, in Guilford. There were half a dozen gentlemen and as many ladies, all in attendance upon a son of the Pine Tree State and a daughter of the Old North—the blue and the gray—who had the day before gone into life partnership. Saturday was spent in rambling over the town, and especially in looking over the Salem Female Academy building, which seemed to have special attractions for the visitors. They left us on Saturday evening, apparently well pleased with their trip.

THEY CANNOT BE BEAT:—*The Lever Mounted Horse Powers,* connected with the famous *"Sweepstakes" Mounted Threshing Machines,* as was fully proved at Hall's Ferry, on Monday last, by Messrs. Butner & Hall, who purchased one,

With 8 horses or mules to the Levers, it stood firm and solid, without moving a particle. The Sweepstake also proved its claimed superiority to the full satisfaction of every one.

*One* more of the same sort, now on hand for sale,—all mounted on wheels,—and ready for work.

E. A. VOGLER. Agent.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Winston Male Academy. E. A. Vogler; Mounted Horse Power and Threshing Machine.

REV. Q. A. WARD, of the Country Line Association, will preach in Winston to-day, Friday, at 11 o'clock, A. M., and at Waughtown to-morrow, Saturday, at the same hour.

The celebrated "LIVER REGULATOR" is for sale at Zevely's Drug Store.

## STATE ITEMS.

A colored man, named Haywood Dancy, who has resided in Tarboro for many years, was detected recently in entering the bar room of the Howard Hotel by means of false or stolen keys, and helping himself to a quantity of plunder. As the bar-room had been several times robbed in this way, a watch had been set, but Dancy made off before he could be secured. Learning, however, that a warrant had been gotten out for him, he made for the river, and on Sunday his dead body was found floating near the shore. It is supposed that he either committed suicide, or was drowned in the attempt to escape the clutches of the law by swimming the river.

Another candidate for the gallows has turned up in Washington county. On the night of the 21st ult., the store of Mr. David Edminston, near Leachville, was robbed and then fired. While it was burning, a colored man named John Buill, in the crowd, was pointed out to Mr. E., by another colored man, as the probable robber and incendiary. Buill was immediately arrested, and on his person were found handkerchiefs, braids, and other articles which had been taken from the store. The wretch was committed to jail for trial at the next term of the Superior Court.

Bill Schenck, a colored shoemaker of Dallas, Gaston county, has been committed to jail for committing an outrageous assault upon the family of Mr. Aaron Rudisill. He first stripped himself stark naked, then knocked Mr. R., down, then went howling down the road after Mrs. Rudisill and her daughter. First knocking the old lady down and breaking her jaw bone, he attempted to outrage the daughter, when the screams of the women brought assistance. He was carried to town, in his nude condition, and locked up. All the parties are radicals of the first water.

A colored man named Zeke Harris, from North Carolina, was examined last Saturday before the KuKlux Committee in Washington, and he detailed circumstances, alleging ill-treatment at the hands of white men. It appears, however, that among his assailants were several active members of the Loyal League, so that this was *not* a KuKlux outrage as the radicals understand it. As soon as Zeke let it out that it was the League that had whipped him, the Committee had no more use for him.

The merchants and citizens of Tarboro are complaining that there is a screw loose somewhere in their mail-routes. One merchant complains that he has lost drafts to the amount of $3,000; others say that at least twenty-five per cent. of their correspondence is never heard from, and the *Southerner* boldly alleges that scarcely a letter can reach its destination that is at all bulky and seems to contain money or drafts. Verily, a nice state of affairs.

The following North Carolinians are among the graduates and distinguished scholars at the University of Virginia:

Graduate in Latin and Law—George M Smedes; German—Jno. Wright Davis; Modern Languages—Edmond Jones Lilly; History and Rhetoric—William W. Miller; Chemistry—Jno. D. Rowe; Moral Philosophy—Jacob Battle, John W. Davies, John Gatling, William W. Miller and William Whitford; Prize in Moral Philosophy—John W. Davis, Salisbury.

Curtis H. Brogdon, of Wayne county, is one of the worst demagogues in the State, and seems to be doing his very best to get up a bloody conflict between the whites and colored. In an incendiary speech the other day, he advised the colored men to join with him in breaking down the land owner, the aristocrat, and the former slave owner. The Washington *Patriot* asks why the Federal troops now in Wayne county do not arrest this inciter of riot and bloodshed? Why, indeed?

Lewis Coppedge and Ned Myers, both colored, were convicted at the special term of Anson Superior Court, last week, of the wilful murder of Mr. James W. Redfearn, and were sentenced to be hung on the 21st of July. After sentencing the above, the Court proceeded to the trial of Jim Coppedge, Lotty Myers and George Chambers, indicted for being accessory to the murder of Mr. Redfearn.

Jim Coppedge, colored, another one of the murderers of Mr. Redfearn, in Anson county, has been convicted and sentenced to be hung on the 21st of July. This makes three who are to be hung on that day for this crime. Geo. Chambers, another one of the party, has had his case continued, and the woman Lotty has been discharged for want of evidence against her.

A paragraph is going the rounds of the State papers to the effect that one of the Siamese Twins is lying at the point of death. The other is in good health. In anticipation of death, arrangements are made for the immediate separation of the living from the dead brother.

Rev. G. Wilson McPhail, D. D., President of Davidson College, died at that instituiton on the 28th ult. His unexpected decease interrupted and put an end to the Commencement festivities which were to have been held that day,

Annike Jones, a colored girl of Raleigh, died suddenly on the cars of the North Carolina R. R., last Sunday morning, while on her way to Johnston county to consult a professor of *witchcraft*. Her friends insist upon it that she was "tricked."

On the night of the 24th ult., Geo. W. Gully, a notoriously bad character of Wake county, stabbed and cut W. M. Massey and his wife in a shocking manner. Mr. Massey is thought to be fatally hurt, he having three stabs in his left breast, and a terrible cut clear down his face, splitting open the nose. Gully is still at large,

The Raleigh papers gave their employees a holiday on the "glorious Fourth," and of course, no papers were issued on Wednesday.

Mrs. Mary T. Jones, wife of William Jones, and living in Wake county, committed suicide on Wednesday week, by hanging herself in the stable. No cause is assigned for the rash act.

## GENERAL NEWS.

U. S. Senator Clayton, and twenty other prominent radicals of Arkansas have been indicted by the United States grand jury at Little Rock for violation of the enforcement law at the late election in that State. The jury were going on finding other indictments for the same offence, when they were unexpectedly discharged. Those were not the right sort of men to to indict, you see. If they had been Conservatives, it would have all been regular and proper.

President Grant has pardoned C. C. Bowan, the radical ex Congressman from South Carolina. who was convicted of bigamy, several weeks since, and sentenced to two years in the Penitentiary. We never have been able to understand how crimes committed in South Carolina, and Florida, against the laws of those States, could be taken cognizance of by the Courts of the District of Columbia, and brought under the ultimate supervision of the President.

A fisherman, named Daniel Ryder, while fishing near Barren Island, New York Harbor, on Tuesday of last week, landed for water, when he was immediately attacked by three savage bloodhounds, who lacerated his limbs in a fearful manner. He, however, managed to regain the beach, when he was assailed by five more ferocious dogs who threw him down, and gnawed his body frightfully. When rescued from the brutes he was in a dying condition.

There have been terrible colliery riots in Silesia, Prussia. The offices of the Superintendents of Prisons and Mines were destroyed, and the houses of the Jewish merchants plundered. The Prussian Uhlans cleared the streets, killing seven, and wounding thirty. Sixty of the rioters were captured and martial law proclaimed. The troubles took place at Konigshute.

At Princeville, Illinois, on the 24th ult., a man named McNamee attempted to hang Miss Potter, a school-teacher, for punishing his child. He seized the lady, fastened a rope around her neck, and dragged her to the door, when she was rescued from the grasp of the would-be murderer by two men who happened to be passing. McNamee is now in jail.

Deaf and dumb clerks are on trial in some of the departments at Washington. They are not so apt to blab when they discover anything wrong going on. They ought to be deaf, dumb and *blind*, so that they cannot even *see* the stealing that is practiced around them.

A wedding of giants took place in St. George's Church, London, England, on the 21st ult. The bridegroom was Capt. Van Buren Bates, a Kentuckian, formerly of the Confederate army; he is eight feet in height and weighs four hundred pounds. The bride, Miss Norah Swan, a Canadian lady, is some inches taller than her husband, and weighs about the same.

Prussia has just astounded the military world by announcing her intention to discard the needle-gun, and adopt the French chassepot, as it is the better arm of the two. Thus is the wisdom of the late French emperor again vindicated, for he clung to the chassepot notwithstanding the howls of the military critics who declared the needle-gun superior.

The people of Fairfield, Iowa, were startled from their beds about one o'clock on the morning of June 17th, by the explosion of a meteor, which streamed through the heavens from south-east to north-west, and illuminated the town as in broad daylight.

There was a terrific thunder storm at Chicago on last Saturday. The rain came down in torrents. Basements were flooded and walls and trees prostrated.—No marine disasters are yet reported. The tunnel under the river at Washington street was inundated and the water poured in at both ends.

The California big tree, known as the Forest King, now on exhibition in New York city, is pronounced one of the greatest curiosities ever seen there. The task of felling it and preparing it for exhibition required the continuous services of four men for 130 days. Its height was 275 feet; and its annular rings show it to be over 1,500 years old,

The celebrated gray war-horse *Traveller*, used by Gen. Lee during his campaigns, died in Lexington, Va., on Monday week, of lockjaw caused by running a nail into his foot five days before.

A young woman residing in Newburgh, N. Y., distrusting the doctors, vaccinated herself in five places, and after a while she came to the conclusion that the small-pox itself would have gone easier with her.

The brethren of a church in Brooklyn, N. Y., got into such a quarrel the other day that a force of policemen had to be called in to put an end to the disturbance.

There is a serious clash between the Secretary of the Treasury and the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, the latter disliking the former's revision of his decisions and adverse action on his contracts.

On the 16th ult., a sail-boat, containing a pic-nic party of about forty gentlemen, ladies and children, was struck by a squall on Orange Lake, Florida, capsized, and ten of the party were drowned.

The police census of the Sunday Schools in Philadelphia, was taken on Sunday week, and the returns sent in on Tuesday. They show 122,715 scholars and 12,178 teachers.

The President has appointed Professor Frederick Watts, of Pennsylvania, as Commissioner of Agriculture, in place of Horace Capron, removed.

About fifty thousand canary birds, mostly reared in the Hartz Mountains, have been exported from Germany to America this season.

The fatal disease which recently appeared among the horses in New York city and its vicinity, is on the decline. The horse doctors are still quarrelling over its nature and treatment.

Reconstruction and radical rule in Arkansas, has reduced the taxable property of the State one half, doubled the State debt, and trebled the taxes.

Many of the cows in Baltimore have recently been strangely afflicted with an incurable inflammation of the eyes, ending in total blindness.

John Bally, of Ohio, 25 years old, was stung by a honey-bee on his neck, several days ago, and in fifteen minutes he was dead.

A foot race took place in Cincinnati one day last week, which was participated in by about fifteen hundred citizens. They all came out ahead of the lunatic who was after them with a huge carving knife.

## NEWS OF THE WEEK.

### AFFAIRS IN EUROPE.

JUNE 28.—The imperialists throughout France are very active. Pamphlets are profusely circulated, devoted to praises of the imperial government and the church. The Republican factions are hopelessly divided. The Count de Paris, grandson of Louis Phillippe, has reached Paris.

Despatches from London announce that the ratification by the Queen of the recent treaty between the United States and England has been officially promulgated. Small-pox is spreading in London; the deaths from that disease alone in this city are about 240 weekly.

JUNE 29.—A grand review of the troops was held to-day at Long Champs, 100,000 soldiers being in position. Marshal Mac Mahon was in command. Thiers, the members of the Government and members of the Assembly were present, and the grounds were thronged. A court-martial has sentenced to death the revolutionary leaders, Cremieux, Etienne and Pelissier; a number of others have been sentenced to banishment.

JUNE 30.—The work of rebuilding Paris is progressing. Fully sixty thousand masons are engaged in repairing the damaged buildings and erecting new ones. The city is also being thoroughly disinfected. Gambetta has returned to Paris. The French loan of two thousand millions of francs was speedily taken up, and the government was offered five thousand millions. The Germans are apprehensive that it is the settled design of the French to renew the war, as soon as they sufficiently recover from their late reverses.

JULY 1.—The Bank of France has commenced the publication of its returns. The amount of bullion in its vaults is 550,000,000 francs, and the treasury ballance 140,000,000 francs. Marshal MacMahon has gone to the baths in the Pyrenees. The journals are all discussing the elections, which will probably be largely in favor of Thiers. Queen Victoria held a grand review of the British troops in Bushy Park yesterday. The whole royal family, and the French Prince Imperial was present.

JULY 2.—The French do not appear to be enthusiastic over the success of the government loan, which they regard only as a deposit for the Germans. Gen. l'Admirault (Imperialist) is appointed Governor of Paris. The army of Versailles has been divided into six corps, commanded by Gens. Montauban, Bataille, Barraile, Douay, Clinchant and Bourbaki—four Imperialists, one Orleanist, and one Republican. German officers have been forbidden to enter Paris. The elections are being held today, and are proceeding quietly.

JULY 3.—The approximate result of the elections in 34 departments, exclusive of the Seine, is 56 Republicans and 12 Monarchists. It is considered certain that of the 114 Deputies elected, 80 or 90 will support the present government.

The King of Italy has occupied Rome at last, and the various foreign ambassadors are flocking to that city.

JULY 4.—The monarchists and imperialists are greatly discouraged by the unexpected republican success in the French provinces. Candidates pledged solemnly to the restoration of the provinces of Alsace and Lorraine to France are successful in several of the departments.

JULY 5.—The siege of Paris will probably be raised to-day. The elections are overwhelmingly in favor of the present Thiers government.

Jim Sims, a colored gentleman who used to fiddle in bar-rooms in Savannah, Geo., is now a district judge in South Carolina.

A large eagle, with both legs broken, alighted in one of the streets of Richmond, Va., on Monday of last week, and was secured before it could rise again.

Mrs. Lydia Sherman was arrested in New York city on the 1st inst., upon a requistion from the Governor of Connecticut, where she is charged with poisoning her three former husbands and eight children.

Fifteen employees on the Boston & Albany Railroad, were arrested at Springfield' Mass., on the 1st inst., for thieving operations which have been carried on for months and involve thousands of dollars.

The total receipts from internal revenue for the fiscal year ending June 30th, are $144,969,283.48, which is a falling off of a little over $40,000,000 since last year.

WOMAN.—A mother—she cherishes and corrects us: a sister—she consults and counsels us: a sweetheart—she coquets us: a wife—she comforts and confides in us: without her what would become of us?

KIND WORDS.—So that they be in season, it matters not how simple are the flowers that one gathers from the wayside. A kind word, when the heart needs it, is always grateful.

## MARRIED,

At St. Paul's, Beaufort, Tuesday evening, June 27th, by Rev. Israel Harding, Mr. WM. A HEARNE, of the *Raleigh Daily Telegram*, to Miss SALLIE STREET, daughter of S. R. Street, Esq., of the Ocean House.

At New Garden, Guilford county, on the 27th day of sixth month, according to Friends' ceremony, EZRA M. MEADER, of North Brunswick, Maine, to MARY E. COX, daughter of Sup't. J. E. COX, of New Garden Boarding School.

## DIED,

In Cabarrus county on the 19th ult., CHRISTOPHER MELCHOR, Esq., aged 80 years. He had served his county in many positions of trust and honor, and had been a member of the Convention of 1835.

In this place, on the morning of the 30th of June, Mr. SAMUEL SHULTZ, aged 85 years, 7 months, and 9 days.

In Yadkin county on the 3rd inst., Mrs. MARTHA GLEN, consort of Tyre Glen, Esq., maiden name Bynum, aged about 55 years.


### AT THE BOOK STORE.

NEAT WALNUT WORK BOXES at low prices
TRANSPARENT SLATES, three sizes.
Cheap Port Folios, Paper Window Shades,
Fireboard Prints, Wall Paper,
INITIAL PAPER,—Rose Tint, and Ornamented,
Magill's Paper Fasteners,
New Ink Erasers,—the best thing out.
Good and cheap Writing Paper.
Blank Account and Record Books.
Tilden's Nonspilling Inkstands,
and many other articles in our line.
L. V. & E. T. BLUM.
March 31, 1871.

### JUST RECEIVED,

ANOTHER supply of Drugs, Medicines Dyestuffs, Perfumery, Fancy Articles &c., &c. at
ZEVELY'S DRUG STORE,
Post Office Building.

**INK STANDS**—Counting House, and Pocket Tilden (non spilling) Inkstand.

### HAND BOOK
FOR
### COUNTY OFFICERS
CHEAP AT BLUM'S.


## THE MARKETS.

SALEM, N. C., July 7, 1871.

| *Provisions.* | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Bacon, | 12½@ 00 | Chop, | 2 |
| Lard, | 15@00 | Bran, | 1½ |
| Pork, | 0@00 | *Grain.* | |
| Beef, | 7@10 | Wheat, | 1 40@1 50 |
| Veal, | 5@ 8 | Corn, | 96 @ 100 |
| Mutton, | 6@ 8 | " (old) | 00@0 00 |
| Butter, | 20@00 | Rye, | 80@ 85 |
| Flour, | 3½ @4 | Oats, | 50@ 00 |
| Eggs, | 10 | Peas, | 85@ 90 |
| Beeswax | 25 @ 28 | Meal, | a. 2½ @3 |

### DANVILLE TOBACCO MARKET.

DANVILLE, July 4.

Offerings fair, and last week's supplies well sustained. No change.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Lugs—Common, Red, | $4 00 to $5 00 | |
| " Good working, | 5 00 to 8 00 | |
| " Good, " | 10 00 to 12 00 | |
| " Fine, " | 12 00 to 20 00 | |

Extra lots higher.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Leaf—Common Red, | 5 00 to 8 00 | |
| " Good, | 7 00 to 10 00 | |
| " Good, rich, waxy, | 10 00 to 15 00 | |
| " Common Bright, | 15 00 to 25 00 | |
| " Good, " | 25 00 to 40 00 | |
| " Fine, " | 30 00 to 40 00 | |
| " Extra fine lots, | 50 00 to 75 00 | |

**New York,** July 5.—Cotton, 20¾ a 00; Flour, 5 to 10 cents lower; Corn, 72 a 72½; Wheat, 1 55 a 1 58; Gold, 1 13½; Bonds, N. C. old, 47, new 27.

**Baltimore,** July 5.—Cotton 20 a 21; Flour 5 00 a 7 00; Wheat, $1 58 a $0 00; Corn, white, 80 a 00, yellow, 74 a 00; Oats, 72 a 74 Bacon, 7 a 9½; Whisky, 93 a 00; Lard 11½.

**Richmond,** July 5.—Wheat, $1 65 a $0 00; Corn 92 a 92½; Oats 70; Flour, extra, $7 25 per barrel.

**Norfolk,** July 5.—Bacon, sides, 9 a 110; Corn 84 a 87. Flour $6 50 a $7 50.

**Charlotte,** July 3.—Bacon 11½ a 13 Flour, 3 75 a 3 90; Corn, 95 a $1; Oats, 55 a 60; Whisky, $0 00 a 0 00.

**Fayetteville,** June 29.—Bacon 14 a 15; Flour, $7 00 a $8 50; Corn $1 a $1 15; Oats, 60; Rye, $1 00; Wheat, $1 50; Lard, 17½; Whisky, $1 75; Brandy, $1 75.

**Petersburg,** July 5.—Flour $7 00 a $7 25; Wheat, red, $1 60 a $1 00, white $1 75 a $185; Corn, 95 a 0 00; Bacon, hog rouud 13 a 14; Whisky, $1 15; Brandy $2 00 a $2 25.

### Post Office Directory.

Office hours, Sunday, from 8½ to 9½ A. M and from 1 to 2, P. M.

**Mail Arrangements.**

HIGH POINT MAIL.

Arrives daily by 8½, A. M. Closes daily a 1½, P. M.

MOUNT AIRY MAIL.

Arrives Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, by 1.30 P. M. Closes Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 9, A. M.

REIDSVILLE MAIL.

Arrives Monday, Wednesday and Friday by 1½ P. M. Closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 8½ A. M.

WALNUT COVE MAIL.

Arrives every Saturday, by 7 P. M. Close every Friday, at 4 P. M.

GREENSBORO MAIL.

Arrives every Saturday, by 3 P. M. Close every Friday, at 6 A. M.

JONESVILLE MAIL.

Arrives every Friday, by 12 M. Closes every Friday, at 12½ P. M.

PANTHER CREEK MAIL.

Arrives every Saturday by 8 P. M. Close every Saturday at 6 A. M.

JERUSALEM MAIL.

Arrives every Saturday by 7 P. M. Close every Friday at 7½ A. M.

H. W. SHORE, P. M.


### WINSTON
# MALE ACADEMY.

**J. W. GOSLIN, A. M., Principal.**

The Fall Session of this School will commence on

**TUESDAY, AUGUST 1st, 1871.**

Pupils will be prepared to enter any of the regular College Classes.

**TUITION,**

| | |
|---|---|
| Elementary Branches | $11 00 |
| Advanced English, | 14 00 |
| Languages and Higher Mathematics | 17 00 |
| Contingent Fee, | 1 00 |

Board from $8 00 to $10 00 per month.

27-1m.

### North-Western N. C. R. R. Co.

SECRETARY & TREASURER'S OFFICE,
SALEM, N. C., June 20, 1871.

THE FOURTH ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the North-Western N. C. Railroad Company will be held at Kernersville on Thursday the 27th of July next. A full attendance is desired either in person or by proxy.

W. A. LEMLY, Sec. & Treas.
June 23. 1871.—26-5t.

### THOS. R. PURNELL,
# ATTORNEY AT LAW,
SALEM, N. C.,

WILL practice in the Courts of Forsyth, Yadkin, Surry, Stokes, Davie and Davidson Counties. Prompt attention given to the collection and settlement of claims in all parts of the State.
June 16, 1871.-24-tf.

### Additional Attractions
*EVERY WEEK!*

NEW AND ATTRACTIVE STYLES in everything to be found at **PATTERSON & CO'S.**

### BREM, BROWN & CO.,
**CHARLOTTE, N. C.,**
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE
# Hardware Dealers.

THE largest Stock of English and American Hardware and Cutlery, Carriage and Saddlery Hardware and Trimmings, Iron, Steel, Nails, &c., to be found in this State.
Orders promptly attended to.
Agents for Buffalo Scales.
June 30, 1871.-26-3t.

### JUST RECEIVED
### AT THE BOOK STORE,

Mental Photograph Albums,
Waverly and other Novels, (cheap.)
Dickens and other Novels, (cheap,)
Pocket-Maps, N. C.
Hayden's Dictionary of Dates.
Pictures of Christ.
Steel Engraving of Holy Family.
World Essays.
Songs before Sunrise.
A Woman's Poems.
Verses, by. H. H.
May 19, 1871.

M. WP. GRAVES, THOS. R. MCDEARMON, WM. T. LAW

### Graves' Warehouse,
**DANVILLE, VIRGINIA.,**
FOR THE SALE OF
# LEAF TOBACCO.

SALES ROOM 166 by 70 feet, with 19 sky lights. Prompt attention to the in ere and comfort of Planters and their teams
March 3, —9-1.

### FOR SALE.

IRON COG WHEELS, SHAFTING, BOXES BOLTS, &c. Enquire at this office.
Salem, Nov. 15, 1870.

### GOOD NEWS TO HOUSEKEEPERS

THE cheapest and best method for preserving all kinds of FRUIT, VEGETABLES, &c., without air-tighting the jars and with or without Sugar, is to use the
**American Fruit Preserving Powder.**
Parties here who used them last season, are much pleased. J. L. FULKERSON, Sole Agent.
Salem, N. C., June 9, 1871. 23-tf

### THE NEWEST
**And Most Improved Styles of**
# Patent Air-tight Jars,

WITH GLASS COVERS, Porcelain-lined Covers, or improved METAL COVERS, calculated to please even the most fastidious, will be found at low prices with
June 30th, 1871. J. L. FULKERSON.

### BUCHAN'S CARBOLIC COMPOUNDS

SUCH as **Carbolic Disinfecting Soap,** for Washing Horses, Cattle, Pigs, Dogs, &c.
It will positively destroy all insects on Cattle, and cure Mange, Scratches and Sores of all kinds.
Bed Bugs are at once killed, and their nits destroyed by its use.
**The Carbolic Plant Protector** destroys and prevents Bugs, Flies, Catterpillars, Plant Lice, Black Scab, Turnip and Cabbage Flies, &c., and is very cheap.
**The Carbolic Balm Ointment** is said to be the best *Family Salve* in the *world*, and only 25 cents a bottle. Call and get a circular.
**At J. L. FULKERSON'S.**
Salem, N. C., June 9, 1871. 23-tf

# Threshing Machines,
**MOWING and REAPING MACHINES.**

I have secured the Agency for the sale of the best and most improved Threshing Machines not heretofore brought into this part of the comtry, called
**"THE SWEEPSTAKES,"**
*The Farmer's long and well-tried Friend.*
It is a thresher and cleaner combined, now extensively used throughout the Western States, furnished *geared or belted*,—is mounted on wheels,—needs no loading and unloading,—claims to clean thoroughly, loses no grain, and injures none.
I can also furnish the POWERS mounted on wheels, thus saving all heavy lifting. Intended for 4 or 6 horses, Lever Power.
Persons wishing a new Machine should by all means examine into the merits of the SWEEPSTAKES.
**ALSO**
**The Improved Buck-Eye Mower**
AND
**BUCK-EYE MOWER and REAPER**
*With Dropper or Self-Rake Attachment.*
This Machine has been much improved and the price reduced. It now has a *Self-Rake* attachment, with side delivery. The Buck-Eye was tried last Fall at a number of State Fairs in the West with from 14 to 20 other Machines, and took the highest premiums. Will cut over one acre of grain or grass per hour.
*Over* **100,000** *of the Buck-Eye now in use in the United States.*
I can sell them now at less price than heretofore, and for less than others are now offered at.
E. A. VOGLER.
Salem, N. C., May 12, 1871.-19-tf.

# Notion Store!

**J. BLICKENDERFER,**
**At the Old Drug Store on the South Side Public Square,**
**SALEM, N. C.**

THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Salem, Winston and surrounding country, that he has opened at the above place a
**Notion and Variety Store,**
which he has stocked with a fine assortment of Goods of the latest and most approved styles, embracing
HOSIERY, GLOVES, HANDKERCHIEFS, FANS, TRIMMINGS AND EDGINGS, RIBBONS, SOAPS, POCKET-BOOKS, SILK BUTTONS, PARASOLS, NECK-TIES, SEWING SILKS, SHIRTS, UNDERSHIRTS, DRAWERS, STATIONERY, SEGARS AND PIPES, JET JEWELRY, ZEPHYR AND GERMANTOWN WOOL, in fact, everything that can be found in a first class Notion establishment.

I am agent for the celebrated **Keystone Counterpanes,** Wool, Half Wool, and Cotton, of all colors, for Beds, Cribs and Cradles; those wishing to purchase are solicited to call and inspect my assortment just received from the Factory.
J. BLICKENDERFER.
Salem, N. C., May 19, 1871.-20-tf.

### All the Year Round
YOU CAN HAVE
# GOOD SODA WATER
BY USING
**WOOD'S CONDENSED SODA,**
PUT UP IN
**POCKET FOUNTS,**
*Charged with Gas, Sweetened and Flavored. Ready for use at all times and Everywhere.*
**Sixteen Glasses for 50 Cents.**
FOR SALE AT
ZEVELY'S DRUG STORE.

### FEVER AND AGUE.

JUST RECEIVED a fresh lot of the Great South American Fever and Ague Cure. Has never failed to have the desired effect. Call and get a bottle at
WOMACK'S.

CALICOES! A Fine lot of *latest styles* Calico just received at
June 9.—23-tf. WOMACK'S.

# ESTABLISHED 1827!



THE OLD FRANKLIN PRESS.

PLAIN AND FANCY
**BOOK & JOB PRINTING**
NEATLY EXECUTED AT THIS OFFICE.

### Musical Instruments
**AT ZEVELY'S DRUG STORE**
VIOLINS, GUITARS,
BANJOS, TAMBORINES,
FLUTES, FIFES,
ACCORDIONS,
VIOLIN, GUITAR AND BANJO STRINGS.
Extra Violin
**BOWS and HAIR**
For Bows, &c., &c., with a good supply of
**Perfumery, Soaps & Fancy Article**

### Miscellaneous Books.

OUR stock of Miscellaneous Books is varies, a good collection—which we offer at low prices, as we wish to reduce our stock.

STEREOSCOPES AND VIEWS—Foreign and Domestic.
L. V. & E. T. BLUM.
Salem, N. C., Jan. 1871.

**Hayden's Dictionary of Dates,**
At the BOOK STORE.

## The Good Time Coming.

BY DINNIS O'RAFFERTY.

Oft-times me hod me shoulder galls
A-carrying mortar on the walls
In rain and sun:
But betther times are comin' soon,
Whin all the year will be like June,
And dhrudgery done.

Whin victory crowns the faymail cause,
When women shall be makin' laws,
Each wife and maid,
Thin ivery mother's son will be
Allowed to follow fancy free
Some faymail trade,

Thin purty girls will ax us out,
And pay our bills and dhrive about
Wid tender care;
They'll keenly feel for our old woes,
And to the gintlemen propose
Who single are.

No matther if we've not a cint,
There'l thin be divil a thought of rint,
Or things to ate.
Oh! that to see the blessed day
Whin all our troubles pass away
May be my fate.

The kitchen girl will lave her place,
And Teddy followin' wid grace,
Will bake and stew;
He'll kape the floor both clane and nate,
And have the best of things to ate,
And learn to sew.

The milliner shops, where purty girls
Now smile so shwate and shake their curls,
And look so handy,
By gintlemen will be controlled,
And in thim goods are stores of gold
For Pat and Andy.


**SONG ECHO**

A New School Book. by H. S. Perkins. Price $7 50 per dozen. Containc over two hundred new & beautiful Songs, Duets, etc., by WILL S. HAYS, WEBSTER, THOMAS, etc., Everything is new, fresh and sparkling. Contents and specimen pages sent free. Sample copies mailed free of postage to teachers for 65 cents.—Liberal terms for intrduction,

Subscribers to PETERS' MUSICAL MONTHLY are getting their Music for less than two cents a piece.—Those who have not seen this Musical Magazine should send 30 cents for a sample copy, The music is by HAYS, THOMAS, KINKEL, PERSLEY, and other popular writers.

Two back numbers for 40 cents. Four back numbers for 75 cents, Subscribers get

**FIFTY DOLLARS**

WORTH of MUSIC for $3.

Address

**J. L. PETERS, 599, Broadway, N. Y.**

Teachers sending us their orders for $10 worth of music, can claim a year's subscription to Peters' Musical Monthly,

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H. J. SAYERS,

**Dealer in Real Estate,**

**Franklin, Pa.**

Buys and sells improved and unimproved lands anywhere in the United States. 26-4w.

**ST. MARY'S SCHOOL,**

**RALEIGH, N. C.**

RIGHT REV. THOS. ATKINSON, D. D., Visitor.
REV. ALDERT SMEDES, D. D., Rector,
REV. BENNETT SMEDES, A. M., Assistant.

The fifty-ninth Term of this School will open July 19th, 1871, and continue 20 weeks.

For a circular, containing full particulars, apply to the Rector, 26-4w.

THE FREAR COMPOSITION STONE.—For house fronts, docks, piers, culverts, walls, fountains and all building purposes; harder, more durable, and 100 per cent. cheaper than natural stone.—For supply of same, or right of manufacture, for counties or States, apply to CHAS. W. DARLING, Secretary, N. Y. Frear Stone Co., 1,238, Broadway, N. Y. 26-4w.

**CONFEDERATE LOCAL STAMPS.**

$4 Four Dollars a piece paid for the local stamps issued by the Confederate Postmasters, excepting the New Orleans and Memphis 2 and 5 cents, by WM. P. BROWN & CO., 53 Nassau Street, New York City. 26-4w.

**Schofield's Patent Cotton Press**

Is the simplest and best made. It will suit you.—Send for Circular and Prices to SCHOFIELD'S Iron Works, Macon, Georgia. 26-4w.

**MERCHANT'S**

**GARGLING OIL**

**IS GOOD FOR**

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| *Burns and Scalds,* | *Rheumatism,* |
| *Chilblains,* | *Hemorrhoids or Piles,* |
| *Sprains and Bruises,* | *Sore Nipples,* |
| *Chapped Hands,* | *Caked Breasts,* |
| *Flesh Wounds,* | *Fistula, Mange,* |
| *Frost Bites,* | *Spavins, Sweeney,* |
| *External Poisons,* | *Scratches, or Grease,* |
| *Sand Cracks,* | *Stringhalt, Windgalls,* |
| *Galls of all Kinds,* | *Foundered Feet,* |
| *Sitfast, Ringbone,* | *Cracked Heels,* |
| *Poll Evil,* | *Foot Rot in Sheep,* |
| *Bites of Animals & Insects,* | *Roup in Poultry,* |
| *Toothache, &c., &c.,* | *Lame Back, &c., &c.* |

Large Size, $1.00; Medium, 50c.; Small, 25c.

The Gargling Oil has been in use as a Liniment for thirty-eight years. All we ask is a *fair trial*, but be sure and follow directions.

Ask your nearest druggist or dealer in patent medicines, for one of *our* Almanacs and Vade-Mecums, and read what the *people* say about the Oil.

The Gargling Oil is for sale by all respectable dealers throughout the *United States and other countries.*

Our *testimonials* date from 1833 to the present, and are *unsolicited.* Use the *Gargling Oil*, and tell your neighbors what good it has done.

We deal fair and liberal with all, and defy contradiction. *Write for an Almanac or Cook Book,*

Manufactured at Lockport, N. Y,

—BY—

**MERCHANT'S**

**GARGLING OIL COMPANY,**

26-4w. **JOHN HODGE, Sec'y.**

**DR. WORTHINGTON'S Family Medicine.**—Extensively used for "*Bowel Affections*" for *twenty* years. Endorsed by the most eminent medical men of the country. Surg. Gen. Moore and Prof. Warren advised its use in the C. S. Army. We are now Proprietors of this medicine, prepare it by the *original recipe*, and offer it to the puclic in improved packages and good style. All druggists and general dealers keep it. Send for *testimonials*, and your orders to WADE, BOYKIN & CO., Baltimore. 26-4w.

**$1 50. CORN! CORN! $1 50.**

O'HARA'S POCKET GIANT CORN SHELLER Patented Nov. 23, 1869. Awarded First Premium at Mississippi, Louisiana and Texas State Fairs, 1870. Shells 6 bush. of corn per hour. Does not scatter. Weighs only 12 oz. Can be used in pulling corn. *Agents wanted in every county.* Can make $5 to $10 per day. Liberal discount to the trade. Sample by Express $1 50. Send for Circular and Price List. JOHN S. HINES, Manufacturer's Agent for North Carolina, Raleigh. 26-4w.

**Apple Parer, Corer and Slicer. Price $2**

Does all at once. Warranted satisfactory.
D. W. WHITTEMORE, Worchester, Mass. 26-4w

EVERY LADY who desires a FIRST-CLASS (and superior) SEWING MACHINE (than which there is no better) should send a postage, address, enclosing stamps for return postage. 26-4w. AVERY & CO.,
*General Agents, Richmond, Va.*

**Agents! Read This!**

WE WILL PAY AGENTS A SALARY OF $30 PER WEEK AND EXPENSES, or allow a large commission to sell our new and wonderful inventions. Address M. WAGNER & Co., Marshall, Mich. 26-4w.

**A Million Dollars.**

Shrewd but quiet men can make a fortune by revealing the secret of the business to no one.
Address E. FAIRBUSH,
26-4w. 688 Broadway, New York.

$325 A MONTH. Horse and Carriage furnished. Expenses paid. H. Shaw, Alfred, Me. [26-4t.

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**Hon. W. H. Battle's Report of the proceedings in the Habeas Corpus cases of the prisoners arrested by order of Gov. Holden, in July and August for sale at the BOOK STORE.**

**NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.**

**8 O'CLOCK.**

27-4w.

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IS A PURE

**BLACK TEA**

with the Green Tea Flavor.—Warranted to suit all tastes. For sale everywhere. And for sale wholesale only by the **Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co.,** 8 Church St., New York. P. O. Box 5506. Send for Thea-Nectar Circular. 27-4w.

WANTED—AGENTS, (**$20 *per day***) to sell the celebrated HOME SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE. Has the under-feed, makes the "lock-stitch" (alike on both sides,) and is fully licensed. The best and cheapest family Sewing Machine in the Market. Address, JOHNSON, CLARK & CO., Boston Mass., Pittsburgh, Pa., Chicago, Ill., or St Louis, Mo. 27-4w.

$375 A MONTH—Expenses paid—Male or Female Agents—Horse and outfit furnished. Address, SACO NOVELTY Co., Saco, Me. 27-4w

It has the delicate and refreshing fragrance of genuine Farina Cologne Water, and is indispensable to the Toilet of every Lady or Gentleman. Sold by Druggists and Dealers in PERFUMERY.
COLGATE'S EAU-DE-COLOGNE TOILET SOAP.

27-4w.

THIS IS NO HUMBUG! By sending 35 CENTS with age, height, color of eyes and hair, you will receive, by return mail, a correct picture of your future husband or wife, with name and date of marriage. Address W. FOX, P. O. Drawer, No. 24, Fultonville, N. Y. 27-4w

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We will send a handsome Prospectus of our *New Illustrated Family Bible* containing over **200** fine Scripture Illustrations to any Book Agent, free of charge. Address NATIONAL PUBLISHING Co., Philadelphia, Pa., Atlanta, Ga., or St. Louis, Mo. 27-4w.

**REDUCTION OF PRICES**

TO CONFORM TO

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**GREAT SAVING TO CONSUMERS**

**BY GETTING UP CLUBS.**

☞ Send for our New Price List and a Club form will accompany it, containing full directions—making a large saving to consumers and remunerative to club organizers.

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**JURUBEBA.**

WHAT IS IT?

It is a sure and perfect remedy for all diseases of the LIVER AND SPLEEN, ENLARGEMENT OR OBSTRUCTION OF INTESTINES, URINARY, UTERINE, OR ABDOMINAL ORGANS, POVERTY OR A WANT OF BLOOD, INTERMITTENT OR REMITTENT FEVERS, INFLAMMATION OF THE LIVER, DROPSY, SLUGGISH CIRCULATION OF THE BLOOD, ABSCESSES TUMORS, JAUNDICE, SCROFULA, DYSPEPSIA, AGUE AND FEVER AND THEIR CONCOMITANTS

DR. WELLS having become aware of the extraordinary medicinal properties of the South American plant called

**JURUBEBA,**

sent a special commission to that country to procure it in its native purity, and having found its wonderful curative properties to even exceed the anticipations formed by its great reputation, has concluded to offer it to the public, and is happy to state that he has made arrangements for a regular monthly supply of this wonderful Plant. He has spent much time experimenting and investigating as to the most efficient preparation from it, for popular use, and has for some time used in his own practice with most happy results the effectual medicine now presented to the public as

**Dr. WELL'S EXTRACT OF JURUBEBA**

and he confidently recommends it to every family as a household remedy which should be freely taken as a BLOOD PURIFIER in all derangements of the system and to animate and fortify all weak and Lymphatic temperaments. JOHN Q. KELLOGG,
Platt St. New York.

Price One Dollar per bottle. Send for Circular. 27..4w

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**$10 FROM 50 Cts.**

12 samples sent (postage paid) for 50 cents that retail readily for $10. R. L. WOLCOTT, 181 Chatham Sq., N. Y, 27-4w.

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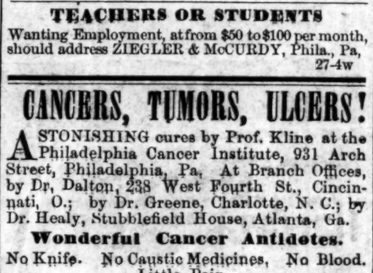
ASTONISHING cures by Prof. Kline at the Philadelphia Cancer Institute, 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa. At Branch Offices, by Dr. Dalton, 238 West Fourth St., Cincinnati, O.; by Dr. Greene, Charlotte, N. C.; by Dr. Healy, Stubblefield House, Atlanta, Ga.

**Wonderful Cancer Antidotes.**

No Knife. No Caustic Medicines, No Blood. Little Pain.

For particulars, call on or address either of the above.

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50 cents to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls can earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of *The People's Literary Companion*—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE. April 14, 1871. 15-3m.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LEFFEL'S UNRIVALLED AMERICAN DOUBLE TURBINE WATER WHEEL,
Mill Gearing, Shafting & Pulleys
STEAM ENGINES & BOILERS.
POOLE & HUNT, BALTIMORE, Md.
SEND FOR A CIRCULAR.
WATER WHEEL.

Sept. 9, 1870-35-1y.

**$5 TO $10 PER DAY!** MEN, WOMEN, BOYS AND GIRLS who engage in our business make from FIVE to TEN DOLLARS PER DAY in their own localities. Full particulars and instructions sent free by mail. Those in need of permanent, profitable work, should address at once. GEORGE STINSON & Co.
April 14,-15-3m. Portland, Maine.

**New Family Grocery!**

**J. P. LANDQUIST,**

**SALEM, N. C.,**

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Salem, Winston, and the surrounding country, that he has taken the business stand recently occupied by Mr. James Fisher, and opened a

**Grocery and Provision Store,**

for the sale of everything in that line which can be needed by a family. His stock is

NEW AND FRESH,

and has been selected especially with a view to meet the wants of this community. It comprises the best varieties of

*MOLASSES, SUGAR, COFFEE and TEAS,*
Flour, Meal, Bacon, Lard, Crackers, Butter, Cheese, Pickles, Chickens, Eggs, Fish, &c., &c.,

constantly on hand, and at astonishingly low prices for

**CASH OR BARTER.**

☞ Do not fail to inspect my stock before purchasing.

**J. P. LANDQUIST.**

March 3, 1871-9-3m.

**NATURE'S**

**HAIR RESTORATIVE**

Contains no LAC SULPHUR—No SUGAR of LEAD—No LITHARGE—No NITRATE of SILVER, and is entirely free from the Poisonous and Health-destroying Drugs used in other Hair Preparations.

Transparent and clear as crystal, it will not soil the finest fabric—perfectly SAFE, CLEAN and EFFICIENT—desideratums long sought for and found at last!

It restores and prevents the Hair from becoming Grey, imparts a soft, glossy appearance, removes Dandruff, is cool and refreshing to the head, checks the Hair from falling off, and restores it to a great extent when prematurely lost, prevents Headaches, cures all Humors, cutaneous eruptions, and unnatural Heat. AS A DRESSING FOR THE HAIR IT IS THE BEST ARTICLE IN THE MARKET.

DR. G. SMITH, Patentee, Groton Junction, Mass. Prepared only by PROCTER BROTHERS, Gloucester, Mass. The Genuine is put up in a panel bottle, made expressly for it, with the name of the article blown in the glass, Ask your Druggist for Nature's Hair Restorative, and take no other.

Send a three cent stamp to PROCTER BROS., for a Treatise on the Human Hair.—The information it contains is worth $5.00 to any person.

For sale at ZEVELY'S Drug Store.
Nov. 25, 1870-46-1y. Salem, N. C.

**DRUGS, CHEMICALS**

***AND***

**MEDICINES,**

***AT***

**Shaffner's Drug Store,**

***Main Street, Salem, N. C.***

Constantly on hand a full assortment of CHEMICALS, DRUGS, MEDICINES, PERFUMERY, TOILET ARTICLES, PAINTS, OILS, DYE-STUFFS, SPICES, TEAS, SEEDS, GLASSES, STATIONERY, FANCY ARTICLES,

and everything else usually kept in a

**First Class Drug Store.**

**PHYSICIANS**

will be supplied with reliable Medicines, promptly and at reasonable figures.

The undersigned is the only authorized agent for the sale in this market, of the justly celebrated

**Liberty White Lead,**

the best and most economical in use.

Call, examine goods, and ascertain prices.

J. F. SHAFFNER.

May 5, 1871,-18-tf.

**NEW**

**Stationery Packages.**

THE UNITED STATES SPECIE PACKAGE contains

5 sheets Note Paper, 5 Envelopes,
1 Lead Pencil, 1 Penholder,
1 Oroide Gold Pen, 1 new Dime Book.

Every package is guaranteed to contain either 5, 10, 25, or 50 cents in nickel or silver.

Price 25 Cents.

THE Excelsior Stationery Package contains 10 sheets of Good Paper. 10 Envelopes,
1 Good Lead Pencil, 1 Pen Holder,
1 Oroide Gold Pen, 1 New Dime Book and
1 set of Ladie's or Gents' Jewelry, with a cash prize of from 5 cents to $1 00.

Price Fifty Cents.

**THE FAIRY CASKET**

contains 12 sheets of Lady's Note Paper, 12 Envelopes, 1 good Penholder, 1 oroide Gold Pen, 1 good lead Pencil, Copy popular Song Book, 1 copy of the Art of Love, 1 Dime Book, 1 Little Flirt, or the art of Hadkerchief, Glove, and Fan Flirtation, with Floral Language of Love, 1 Little Facinator.

In addition to the above, each casket is guaranteed to contain from 5 cents to $5 in money or one of the following valuable presents: 1 Lady's Triple Plated Gold Watch, 1 Gentleman's Triple Plated Gold Watch, 1 Fine Pen Knife, 1 Gent's Pocket Book, 1 Lady's Pocket Book, 1 Lady's Ink Stand, 1 set Jewelry.

☞ The Casket is a neat gilt box, and makes a handsome present for a lady or a gentleman.

Price only One Dollar.

**For Sale at the Book Store.**

**ZEVELY'S**

**DRUG STORE.**

POST OFFICE BUILDING.

THOSE who wish to supply themselves with fresh and reliable

**DRUGS & MEDICINES,**

an always find them at the above establishment, at reasonable prices.

FANCY ARTICLES,
PERFUMERY, SOAPS,
NOTIONS
PATENT MEDICINES,

in fact everything in his line always on hand

A. T. ZEVELY

Jan. 14, 1870

VERMICELLI & MACCARONI

AT

ZEVELY'S DRUG STORE,

POSTOFFICE BUILDING

Feb. 20, 1868 26-

**HAND BOOK**

FOR

**COUNTY OFFICERS**

CHEAP AT BLUM'S.

**NEW SPRING AND SUMMER**

**GOODS.**

**SPLENDID STOCK.**

THE Undersigned has just received the most attractive stock of Spring and Summer Goods ever offered by him to the people of this and the surrounding counties, comprising

DRY GOODS, HATS, BOOTS, SHOES,

HARDWARE, CLOTHING, NOTIONS,

**GROCERIES,**

**QUEENSWARE, CUTLERY, CROCKERY, KITCHEN FURNITURE, FARM UTENSILS, &c., &c.,**

fresh and new, and as cheap as the cheapest. *No one shall get ahead of me in*

**LOW PRICES.**

My friends will find my stock of Dry Goods and Notions, **STAPLE AND FANCY,** complete, and purchased after the late decline in prices at the North. I have a large supply of **Ladies' and Gentlemen's**

**BOOTS**

***AND***

**SHOES,**

and can furnish you with the latest make and style.

I am receiving large additions to my stock of

**Hardware**

***AND***

**CUTLERY,**

and can guarantee satisfaction in quality and prices.

**HATS FOR EVERYBODY,**

THE LATEST STYLES OUT.

**HOSIERY,**

The best quality Ladies', Misses', and Children's Hose of every size.

I would call especial attention to my carefully selected stock of

**Groceries,**

which I offer at the lowest possible price for Cash or Barter.

I earnestly invite the attention of our country and town people to my varied assortment, and promise to make it their interest to purchase of me.

**COUNTRY PRODUCE**

taken in exchange for goods upon liberal terms.

Call and look over my stock, even if you do not wish to buy just now.

Mr. T. F. CRISP, well known to the people of this section, will be found at my establishment, and will be glad to see all his old friends and customers.

**R. A. WOMMACK,**

Salem, N. C,. April 28, 1871,-17-tf. **Agent.**

**ADVANCE**

**MOWER AND REAPER.**

THE Strongest, Lightest Draft, most Compact and Perfect Machine ever offered to the public.

This Machine has an *iron frame*, all in one piece, which cannot become rickety, like the *wood frame* Machines. The finger bar is not attached to the frame, but is hinged direct to the tongue. There is no side draft. The Gear, or Cogwheels are all in the centre of frame under the driver's seat, enclosed in an iron case, so as to exclude all grit and obviate the danger of the driver's lines becoming entangled in the wheels.

All that is asked of persons desiring a good MOWER and REAPER, is that they lay aside all prejudice, and carefully examine, and thoroughly test THE ADVANCE MOWER AND REAPER, before purchasing elsewhere.

Mowers $115. Mower and Reaper combined $155.

For Circulars and full particulars, call on or address C. A. HEGE, Agent,
Friedburg, Forsyth Co., N. C.

☞ Also Agent for the ITHACA WHEEL RAKE. Price $40. April 28, 1871-17-3m.

**Ayer's Cathartic Pills,**

**For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.**

**Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill.* The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends; and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel nor any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar-coating preserves them ever fresh, and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable, no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.**

**They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.**

**Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—**

**For Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor and Loss of Appetite, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach, and restore its healthy tone and action.**

**For Liver Complaint and its various symptoms, Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice or Green Sickness, Bilious Colic and Bilious Fevers, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.**

**For Dysentery or Diarrhœa, but one mild dose is generally required.**

**For Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back and Loins, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.**

**For Dropsy and Dropsical Swellings they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.**

**For Suppression a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.**

**As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.**

**An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.**

***Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists, LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.***

**AT HALF PRICE.**

**Dollar Diaries at Fifty Cents**

AT BLUM'S.

**Wood's Object Lessons**

IN BOTANY.

**Game of Great Events.**

AT THE BOOK-STORE.

**Patterson & Co's Column**

**SPRING & SUMMER CAMPAIGN.**

**SPECIAL NOTICE!**

An increasing trade has induced us to purchase a LARGER STOCK OF GOODS than usual, and to add to it many new attractions.. We have adopted as our rule in business:

**"QUICK SALES and SHORT PROFITS,"**

Hoping, by a frequent turn of our money, to realize the same profit that slow merchants expect from selling one or two purchases a year. Trusting in this way to reward ourselves, we give the benefit of short profits to our customers.

We believe that our accumulated stock will prove ample for the wants of our trade. If mistaken, we shall order from the most reliable business houses in the northern cities, until the needs of all our customers are supplied.

The decline in many articles of merchandise warrants us in promising

**LOW PRICES.**

**DRY GOODS:**

Prints of every style and price, DeLaines, Challies, Lawns, Linen Lawns, Piques, Alpacas, Gros Grain and Japanese Silks and other late styles of Dress Goods. Swiss Muslins, in large supply, Nainsook, Mull Muslin, Brilliants, &c. A very full assortment of Brown and Bleached Muslins, Tickings, Drills, and Linen Goods.

*For Gentlemen's Wear:*—Elegant Black Doeskin, Fancy Cassimeres, Cottonades, Linen Duck, "Fries' Jeans," including a new and beautiful style of Tweeds now being manufactured. Also a well selected stock of READY MADE CLOTHING, both in Wool and Linen.

**NOTIONS.**

A larger stock than ever. Our line of Hosiery, Gloves, Veils, Trimmings, Laces, Edgings and Insertings, and Fancy Goods of all kinds cannot be excelled.

We invite the attention of the ladies to our splendid line of Corsets, seamless Kid Gloves, &c.

☞ Call and examine our stock.

**BOOTS & SHOES**

In this department, we have devoted much time and labor to the selection of Ladies' Fine Shoes. We believe that we can sell a better shoe for less money than can be bought elsewhere. We have every variety of Lace, Button and Congress Gaiters, and an excellent assortment of Morocco and other Leather Shoes.

For Gentlemen we have a full assortment of Boots and Shoes including the celebrated "Burt Gaiter." Also Misses, Boys' and Children's Shoes in good supply.

**HATS.**

A better assortment than we have ever kept. Fur, Wool, Silk und Straw suitable for old men, young men, plain men, fancy men, and all sorts of boys.

**Drugs and Dyestuffs,**

SOAPS AND PERFUMERY, QUEEN AND GLASSWARE, HOLLOWWARE, Iron, Nails, &c., in full supply and at low figures.

**HARDWARE.**

If you wish Table Cutlery, Pocket Knives, Mechanic's Tools, Farmer's Tools, and Agricultural Implements, Building Materials, Mill Saws, Carriage and Saddlery Hardware, Shoe Findings, Cherry Seeders, Horse and Mule Shoes, &c., call upon us, and we will supply you.

**GROCERIES.**

**We make a specialty of these Goods.**

**In Sugars, Teas, Coffees, Spices and like articles, we fear no Competition**

OUR HOUSE shall remain "HEADQUARTERS" in the Grocery line.

We call particular attention to above partial enumeration of our stock.

We are agents for the Louderback & Smith's "Rustic Window Shades." They are cheap, convenient and durable, and are better than either the oiled or paper shades. They have had a large sale wherever introduced.

We shall strive earnestly to give satisfaction in all branches of our business, and hope that no customer will have to leave our house to make purchases elsewhere.

Feeling grateful for our past trade and hopeful for its increase in the future, we wish for our Farmers,—"the bone and sinew" of the land,—the most abundant crops, and for all classes good health and increased prosperity.

**PATTERSON & CO.**

Salem, N. C., April 14, 1871. 14-tf

M. WP. GRAVES, THOS. R. MCDEARMON, WM. T. LAW

**Graves' Warehouse,**

**DANVILLE, VIRGINIA.,**

FOR THE SALE OF

**LEAF TOBACCO.**

SALES ROOM 166 by 70 feet, with 19 sky lights. Prompt attention to the in ers and comfort of Planters and their teams

March 3, —9-1.

**Musical Instruments**

**AT ZEVELY'S DRUG STORE**

VIOLINS, GUITARS,
BANJOS, TAMBORINES,
FLUTES, FIFES,
ACCORDIONS.
VIOLIN, GUITAR AND BANJO STRINGS.
Extra Violin

**BOWS and HAIR**

For Bows, &c., &c., with a good supply of

**Perfumery, Soaps & Fancy Articles**

**We do not RIDE AS FAST as our neighbor,**

**BUT WE COME WITH**

**NEW GOODS**

**EVERY WEEK;**

AT LOWER PRICES. **Calicoes at 6, 8 and 10 cents.** Fine and Neat **DRESS GOODS** cheaper than the cheapest.

**J. L. FULKERSON,**

**GREAT DECLINE IN GROCERIES.**

CALL and see BEST ASSORTMENT in this Market,

**Sugar 10, Good Coffee 18, Good Molasses 40 cents.**

March 10, 1871. J. L. FULKERSON.

**THE FINEST, NEATEST, BEST and NEWEST STYLES SHOES** for Ladies, Misses and Children, manufactured expressly for our Sales.

Our best hand-made SHOES are warranted superior in *Style and Quality* to any in this market. J. L. FULKERSON.

Feb. 17, 1871-7tf.

**THREE FINE JEWELRY**

**SHOW CASES**

**and one Iron Safe,**

For sale by J. L. FULKERSON.
7-tf.

LADIES' GENUINE **MALTESE COLLARS,** CLUNY and THREAD LACE & EDGINGS.
Feb. 3-5-tf. J. L. FULKERSON.

**LOVERS OF TEA**

WILL find the great THEA-NECTAR just what they want, or have their money refunded. Try it, it is cheap.
Jan. 27. J. L. FULKERSON.

MAHOGANY & ROSEWOOD grained TABLE OIL CLOTH. a beautiful article.

Come and see, for seeing is believing, and believing is to buy of J. L. FULKERSON.
Feb.3-5tf.

If you wish a superior article of

**XETRA GOLDEN SYRUP and Fine MUSCOVADO MOLASSES,**

Call on

**J. L. FULKERSON.**

THERE IS NO DANGER IN USING THE **Best Radiant Oil!**

112 fire test. We keep only the best.
Feb. 3-5tf J. L. FULKERSON.

**To Coffee Drinkers.**

TRY OUR FINE CEYLON & 'OCLOCK BREAKFAST COFFEE.
Jan. 27. J. L. FULKERSON.

**BRUSH AWAY!**

WITH superior Hair, Cloth, Tooth, Nail, Hat, Paint, Whitewash and Horse Brushes.—Best in market.

**NEW COMBS!**

WHO would do without a new Comb, when a superior article of *Horn, Shell, Gutta Percha,*—plain and metal backs—*Fine-tooth* and *Pocket Combs*, can be had so cheap.

**SAVE YOUR MONEY!**

BY purchasing either *Pocket Wallets, Ladies' Purses* of steel, leather and velvet,—neat and durable.

**"FAIRY CASKET,"**

A beautiful article for Ladies Toilet use, with SOAP AND PERFUMERY in great variety, and at all prices.

**BRIGHT!**

**BRIGHTER!!**

**BRIGHTEST!!!**

**SAPOLIO** for cleaning Silver, Brass, Tin, &c., superior to any article of the kind now in use.

☞ Be sure and call for any of the above articles at

*ZEVELY'S DRUG STORE.*

POST OFFICE BUILDING, Salem, N. C.
48-tf.

**Health and Strength.**

**CROOK'S WINE of TAR**

**Throat and Lungs.**

For ten years Dr. Crook's Wine of Tar has been tested and proved in thousands of cases; capable of curing all Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, performing wonderful cures. Will you let prejudice prevent you from being cured also?

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR is rich in the medicinal qualities of Tar, combined with vegetable ingredients of undoubted value. It rapidly restores exhausted strength, cleanses the Stomach, relaxes the Liver and puts them to work, causes the food to digest, and makes pure blood. If you are afflicted in any way, we know the life-giving tonic properties of Dr. Crook's Wine of Tar, are what you need.

It cures all Coughs and Colds, and its many wonderful cures of Asthma and Bronchitis, have caused many to call it a specific for these complaints. Throat ailments require but a few doses. All suffering from Consumption or any Disease of the Lungs should remember that Dr. Crook's Wine of Tar has cured many cases pronounced incurable.

The Weak and Debilitated should remember it revivies and invigorates the system, and is health-giving and appetite-restoring.

It also cures Liver and Kidney Complaints, and by its healthy action on the Stomach, removes Dyspepsia. Try one bottle. Take only Dr. Crook's Wine of Tar. Sold by Druggists.



For Scrofula, Scrofulous Tumors, Scrofulous Diseases of the Eyes, or Scrofula in any form, Rheumatism, Diseases of the Liver, Diseases of the Skin, Eruptions, Pimples, Boils, Tetter, Scald Head, Ulcers, and old Sores, or any disease depending on a depraved condition of the blood, take Dr. Crook's Compound Syrup of Poke Root. It is combined with the best tonic preparations of iron known, and is the best Alterative and Blood Purifier made. Cleans your blood. Try one Bottle. Sold by Druggists.

Prepared only by
CLINTON CROOK & CO., Dayton, O.

May 12, 1871.-19-3m.

**BOARDING HOUSE,**

*Main Street, nearly opposite Hege Bros. Store,*

SALEM, N. C.

THE UNDERSIGNED respectfully informs those who are desirous of obtaining comfortable boarding that he is prepared to receive a limited number of ladies and gentlemen upon liberal terms.

Salem is one of the most healthy, quiet and pleasant places in North Carolina, and is a favorite resort for those who desire to escape the summer heats of the lower counties.

R. A. JENKINS.

Salem, N. C., March 31, 1871.-13-tf.

**SPRING TRADE, 1871.**

WE have now in store our SPRING GOODS, bought mostly for Cash of the Manufacturers and Importers, consisting of

WHITE GOODS, HOSIERY,
GLOVES, SUSPENDERS,
PERFUMERIES, STATIONERY,
and all other articles usually kept in a
FIRST CLASS NOTION HOUSE.

Cash and prompt home customers will find it to their advantage to give us a call.

BLAIR & THAXTON,
14 Pearl Street, Richmond Virginia.
April 7.-13-3m.

**Miscellaneous Books.**

OUR stock of Miscellaneous Books is varies, a good collection—which we offer at low prices, as we wish to reduce our stock.

STEREOSCOPES AND VIEWS—Foreign and Domestic.

L. V. & E. T. BLUM.
Salem, N. C., Jan. 1871.

**Hayden's Dictionary of Dates,**

At the BOOK STORE.